

210/310 SERIES MANAGED NETWORK SWITCH PRODUCT MANUAL

Models:

AN-210-SW-C/F/R-8-POE AN-210-SW-F/R-16-POE AN-210-SW-F/R-24-POE AN-210-SW-F-48-POE AN-310-SW-F/R-8 AN-310-SW-F/R-16 AN-310-SW-F/R-24 AN-310-SW-F/R-8-POE AN-310-SW-F/R-16-POE AN-310-SW-F/R-24-POE





# About this Manual

This manual was created to provide a reference for installers and end users of Araknis Networks<sup>™</sup> products. It provides all known information regarding the installation, setup, use, and maintenance of the product. The symbols below are used to identify important information:

i	<b>Pro Tip -</b> Pro tips are included in sections of the manual to add information that provides extra
	value, utility, or ease-of-use for the installer or end user of the product. These items are not
	required, but have been added for your convenience.

$\equiv$	Note - Notes emphasize information important to the installation, setup, or use of the product
_	that is not essential to follow for safety of the equipment or user. These items contain essential
	information that, if missed, would cause the installer or end user extra work to overcome.

Caution - The caution symbol is used to indicate information vital to the safety of the equipment in use with the product, or the product itself. Not following a caution will almost always result in permanent damage to equipment that is not covered by warranty.

**Warning -** Warnings indicate information vital to the safety of the installer or end user of the product. Not following a warning may result in permanent damage to equipment and serious injury or death of the installer or end user.

# **Table of Contents**

1 - Welcome to Araknis Networks™	
2 - Package Contents	8
3 - Series Overview	
4 - Device Layout	9
Rear Facing Models	10
Front Facing Models	
Compact Models	
48 Port Models	
5 - Hardware Installation	11
Mounting	11
Rack Mount	11
Wall Mount	11
Shelf Mount	
Rack Mounting Guidelines	
Connections	.13
Input Power Requirements	
Network Cable Requirements	13
SFP Ports	13
Switch	
PoE Budget Calculation Example	
6 - OvrC Setup	
7 - Interface Access	16
OvrC Web Connect Access	16
Direct Access Using LAN IP Address (DHCP)	
Default IP Address Access	
8 - Interface Overview	21
Page Layout	21
Applying or Canceling Changes	21
9 - Switch Status Pages	22
System Status Page	22
System Information	22
Port Status	22
Events Log	23
Port Status Page	24
10 - System Settings	25
System Information	25
IP Address Settings	
IPv4 IP Settings	26
IPv6 IP Settings	26
Date and Time Settings	27
UPnP Setting	27
11 - Recommended Setup – System Settings	28
12 - Port Configuration Settings	
Jumbo Frame Setting	29
Basic Port Settings	29

Advanced Port Settings	30
13 - PoE Settings	
PoE Setup and Troubleshooting	
Checking Status of PoE Devices	
Configuring PoE Ports	
Troubleshooting PoE Issues	
14 - VLAN Settings (Basic Port-Based)	33
Access and Trunk Port Selection	33
Creating a New VLAN	34
15 - Link Aggregation Settings	
Creating a New Link Aggregation Rule	36
16 - Access Management Settings	37
User Management	37
HTTP/Telnet/SSH	37
17 - Maintenance Menus	38
Ping Test	38
Running a Ping Test	
Understanding Ping Test Results	39
Troubleshooting Using Ping Test Results	39
Trace Route Test	40
Running a Trace Route Test	40
Understanding Trace Route Test Results	41
File Management Settings	
Configuration File	
Firmware	
Dual Image	43
Firmware Update Instructions	43
Restart	
Log Out	44
18 - Advanced Menus	
19 - Advanced Port Statistics	
20 - Neighbors - MAC Address Table	48
Static and Dynamic MAC Address	48
21 - Neighbors - LLDP	49
Information Table	49
Settings	
Remote Device Table	
22 - Multicast - IGMP Snooping	51
Settings	
VLAN Settings	
Querier Settings	
Group List	53
Router Settings	

URC Settings	53
23 - Multicast - MLD Snooping	
Settings	
VLAN Settings	
Group List	54
Router Settings	
24 - STP - Overview	56
STP - Global Settings	
Settings	56
Root Bridge Information	
Basic Setting	58
25 - STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) Overview	
STP - CIST Settings	
Port Settings	59
STP - MST Settings	
Instance Settings	61
Port Settings	
26 - Advanced VLANs - Overview	
Advanced VLANs - 802.1Q VLANs	63
VLAN Settings	63
PVID Settings	63
Advanced VLANs - Private VLANs	64
Advanced VLANs - Voice VLANs	
General Settings	65
OUI Settings	66
Port Settings	66
27 - Security - Port Mirroring	67
28 - Security - 802.1x	
802.1x Global Setting	67
Port Settings	68
Authenticated Host	
29 - Security - Radius Server	70
30 - Security - DOS	
Global Settings	
Global DOS Security Settings, Continued	
Port Settings	72
31 - Security - Port Security	73
32 - Security - MAC Address Filter	73
33 - RMON Overview	
RMON – Event List	
RMON – Event Log Table	
RMON - Alarm List	75
RMON – History List	76

RMON – History Log Table	
34 - QoS - Overview	
QoS - Global Settings	
QoS - COS Mapping	
QoS - DSCP Mapping	
QoS – Port Settings	78
QoS - Bandwidth Control	78
QoS – Storm Control	
35 - ACL - Overview	
ACL - MAC ACL	80
MAC ACL List	
MAC ACE List	80
MAC ACE List Editor	
ACL - IPV4 ACL	
IPv4 ACL List	
IPv4 ACE List	
IPv4 ACE List Editor	
ACL - IPV6 ACL	
IPv6 ACL List	
IPv6 ACE List	
IPv6 ACE List Editor	85
ACL - ACL Binding	
36 - SNMP - Overview	
SNMP – Global Settings	
Settings	
Trap Settings	
Remote Engine ID List	
SNMP – Lists	
Group Lists	
View List	
SNMP Community List	90
User List	90
37 - Advanced LACP	91
Settings	
LACP Timeout	91
38 - Advanced Log	
Settings	
Local Logging	
Remote Logging	
39 - AN-210-SW-POE Hardware Specifications	
40 - AN-310-SW (Non-PoE) Hardware Specifications	
41 - AN-310-SW-POE Hardware Specifications	98



42 - General Specifications (All 210/310 Models)	
43 - Appendix – Safety and Regulatory Information	101
FCC Warning	101
CE Warning	101
UL Statement	101
44 - Warranty	102
2 Year Limited Warranty	102
Contact Information	102



# 1 - Welcome to Araknis Networks<sup>™</sup>

Thank you for purchasing an Araknis 210/310 series network switch. This manual details the installation and setup of the hardware and the managed interface.

# 2 - Package Contents

For unique package contents of the AN-210-SW-C-8-POE refer to its Quick Start Guide.

Figure 1. Package Contents



Switch (1)



Rubber Feet for Flat

Surfaces (4)



Rack-Mount Kit: Ears (2), Screws (8)



Quick Start Guide



AC Power Cord

# **3 - Series Overview**

Model	Ethernet Ports	SFP Ports	PoE Budget (Watts)
AN-210-SW-C/F/R-8-POE	8	2	65W
AN-210-SW-F/R-16-POE	16	2	130W
AN-210-SW-F/R-24-POE	24	2	190W
AN-210-SW-F-48-POE	48	4	375W
AN-310-SW-F/R-8	8	2	-
AN-310-SW-F/R-16	16	2	-
AN-310-SW-F/R-24	24	2	-
AN-310-SW-F-48	48	4	-
AN-310-SW-F/R-8-POE	8	2	130W
AN-310-SW-F/R-16-POE	16	2	250W
AN-310-SW-F/R-24-POE	24	2	375W

# 4 - Device Layout



≡] Note - The 1Gbps LED behavior may be configured to indicate other information. See instructions in section "10 - System Settings" on page 25.

1.

2.



# **Factory Reset**

Reboot or default the switch configuration settings.

## **Rear Facing Models**



## Front Facing Models



## **Compact Switch**



## **48 Port Models**



- 1. **Reboot –** Press and hold the RESET button on the back of the switch for 5 seconds, then release. The switch will power cycle and the front status lights will flash.
- 2. Factory Reset Press and hold the RESET button for 10-15 seconds until the status LEDs flash once. The switch will power cycle and be reset to factory default settings.

# 5 - Hardware Installation

## Mounting



■ Note - The switch must be wall mounted with the Ethernet ports facing either the floor or the ceiling. Do not mount the switch with the ports facing to the side.

■ Note - Do not stack other equipment on top of the switch to avoid possible interference or damage.

**Note -** Mounting is the same for models with both front- and rear-facing ports.

[≡]



## **Rack Mounting Guidelines**

**Elevated Operating Ambient –** If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the maximum ambient temperature of 104°F.

**Reduced Air Flow –** Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.

**Mechanical Loading –** Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not achieved due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading – Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of the circuits might have on over-current protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Earthing – Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (e.g. use of power strips).

### Structured Wiring Can Mounting

(Example shown uses the AN-210-SW-C-8P for illustrative purposes.)



**Note –** The switch may only be mounted to the structured wiring can with the Ethernet ports facing right or left.

[≡]



Figure 3.

≡

# Connections



Note - AN-210-SW-R-8-POE shown. Connection is the same for all models and mounting styles.

## **Input Power Requirements**

AC Input Voltage: 100-240V AC, 50-60 Hz.

### **Network Cable Requirements**

568B termination is recommended (Figure 4. EIA/TIA 568B Termination Pattern) Connect a Cat5e/6 straight-through cable between the switch and other equipment.

Figure 4. EIA/TIA 568B Termination Pattern



Pin 1	White/Orange	Pin 5	White/Blue
Pin 2	Orange	Pin 6	Green
Pin 3	White/Green	Pin 7	White/Brown
Pin 4	Blue	Pin 8	Brown

(Gold pins facing up)

**Note -** Maximum cable length is 328 feet (100m). A repeater device is required for longer runs.

### SFP Ports

The SFP (Small Form Factor Pluggable) ports guarantee a 1 Gbps connection and are typically used to connect switches together. Connect SFP ports using Araknis SFP adapters for RJ45 or multi-mode fiber cables. SFP adapters sold separately.

# **PoE Budgeting**

The power budget for delivering Power over Ethernet limits the total number of watts available between all of the ports (limited to 30W total consumption on each port). Add the total number of watts consumed by all connected PoE devices to ensure that every thing can be powered, as illustrated in the example below.

Model	PoE Budget
AN-210-SW-C/F/R-8-POE	65W
AN-210-SW-F/R-16-POE	130W
AN-210-SW-F/R-24-POE	190W
AN-210-SW-F-48-POE	375W
AN-310-SW-F/R-8-POE	130W
AN-310-SW-F/R-16-POE	250W
AN-310-SW-F/R-24-POE	375W

# PoE Budget Calculation Example

Figure 5. PoE Calculation Example



■ Note - Port PoE settings may be modified using the PoE Settings menu. Click to see information and instructions.



# 6 - OvrC Setup

OvrC provides remote firmware upgrades, real-time notifications, and intuitive customer management, right from your computer or mobile device. Setup is plug-and-play, with no port forwarding or DDNS address required.

Figure 6. OvrC Operation Diagram



To add this device to your OvrC account:

- 1. Connect the switch to the network (Internet access required).
- 2. Log Into OvrC (www.ovrc.com) or load the OvrC app.
- 3. Select or create a customer account.

OVIC CUSTOMERS INV	/ENTORY ACCOUNT		VIII A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Customers		Search Customers	Add Customer	
A	OVIC CUSTOMERS	INVENTORY ACCOUNT	8 9	🕜 🙏 JOHN SMITH 🔻
Anderson 1 De A	ustomer Anderson	Home	0 ~	NOT
	DEVICE Search		SORT BY IP Address	All Devices (1)

- 4. Add the device (MAC address and Service Tag numbers needed for authentication).
- 5. Check for OvrC firmware updates and apply if available.





# 7 - Interface Access

## **OvrC Web Connect Access**

1. Log into the Ovrc app and find the switch. The OvrC web interface is easier to use than mobile for Web Connect access. Popup blockers must be disabled.

	Araknis 310 Switch				MORE	
	192.168.1.30	Araknis Networks				<u> </u>
2			WEB	INFO	TRANSFER	DELETE
Pog	Unspecified		$\rightarrow$	1		2
0	192 168 1 31	Snap AV				-

2. Click the **More** button and then click **Web Connect**. In the Web Connect menu, click the appropriate button to access the web interface.

Web Connect	3
This feature is in Beta testing and may not work on all networks.	
This will launch the web user interface of the device in a new window. Pop up blockers must be disabled.	
Are you on the same local network as the device?	
If your computer is on the same LAN as the switch	
Cancel	

3. OvrC will open a new tab in your web browser and load the login screen. Enter your username and password, then click **Log In**.

C Login         ×           ←         →         C Ř         192.168.20.254/login.html	Contracting March Frances (17)		33
	AUTHENTICATION REQUIRED	Default Login	]
	Usemame: Password:	Username araknis	1
	AN 310 SW & POF	Password araknis	1

- If you were able to log in successfully, go to the System Settings menu to begin completing the recommended setup for all users. See section "11 - Recommended Setup – System Settings" on page 28.
- 5. If this access method does not work for your application, see the next section for instructions to access the interface using a DHCP IP address.



# Direct Access Using LAN IP Address (DHCP)

- 1. Use one of these methods to find the IP address of the switch:
  - Check the client table on your router
  - Use a network scanner (e.g. Fing) to sniff the network. The manufacturer field will display **SnapAV**.
  - See the highlighted field in the figure below for an example of an Araknis device being identified.



2. Enter the IP address in your web browser to load the login screen. Enter your username and password, then click **Log In**.



- If you were able to log in successfully, go to the System Settings menu to begin completing the recommended setup for all users. See section "11 - Recommended Setup – System Settings" on page 28.
- 4. If this access method does not work for your application, see the next section for instructions to access the interface using the switch's default IP address.



### **Default IP Address Access**

Access the interface using the default IP address, 192.168.20.254.

1. Connect your PC to the switch using a network patch cable.



2. On your PC, open the Control Panel and left-click **Network and Internet**.

Scontrol Panel ×		
🔁 Desktop		
Control Panel >		
	Adjust your computer's settings	View by: Category
	System and Security Review your computer's status Back up your computer Find and fix problems           Wetwork and Internet View network status Hardware and View devices and Vie	See Accounts     Change account type     Appearance and Personalization     Change the theme     Change detkop background     Adjust screen resolution     Clock, Language, and Region     Change keyboards or other input methods     Ease of Access     Let Windows suggest settings     Delayer settings     Let Windows suggest s
	Programs	1. 1.4

3. Left-click Network and Sharing Center.



4. In the left bar, left-click Change adapter settings.





5. Right-click the icon for the wired network connection and left-click Properties.

Vetwork Connections ×     Vetwork Connections ×     Desktop     Vetwork an	d Internet 🔸 Network Connecti	ons 🕨				
Organize   Disable this network device	Diagnose this connection	Rename this connection	Change set	tings of this con	nection	
Bluetooth Network Connection 2 Not connected Bluetooth Device (Personal Area Wireless Network Connection 5 Not connected Microsoft Virtual WiFi Miniport A	fortissl Disconnected PPPoP WAN Adapter	X	Local Area Con Network cable Intel(R) 82579L	Disable     Disable     Status     Diagnose     Bridge Con     Create Sho     Delete     Rename     Properties	nections rtcut	VPN Conne conne N Mir

6. Left-click to highlight Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4), then left-click Properties.

letworking	Sharing			
Connect us	ing:			
🔮 Intel	(R) 82579LM Gigabit	Network Con	nection	
			Configur	e
This conne	ction uses the follow	ing items:		
🗹 🦷 a	ient for Microsoft Net	tworks		
🗹 🚊 🛛	S Packet Schedule	1		
🗹 进 Fi	e and Printer Sharing	for Microsoft	Networks	
🗹 🛶 In	ternet Protocol Versi	on 6 (TCP/IPv	(6)	
		4 (TCD 4D	. 40	
	remet Protocol Versi	on 4 (TCP/IPV	(4)	
V 🔺 🖬	1k-Layer Topology E	iscovery Map	per I/O Driver	
	nk-Layer Topology E nk-Layer Topology E	iscovery Map acovery Resp	per I/O Driver conder	
V - 1	nk-Layer Topology E nk-Layer Topology E	iscovery Map liscovery Resp	per I/O Driver conder	
	nk-Layer Topology E	Niscovery Map Niscovery Resp	per I/O Driver conder	
<ul> <li>✓</li></ul>	nk-Layer Topology E nk-Layer Topology E nk-Layer Topology E	iscovery Map Nscovery Resp ninstall	per I/O Driver conder Propertie	2
Insta	Inclayer Topology D nk-Layer Topology D nk-Layer Topology D	iscovery Map Nacovery Resp ninstall	(*) per I/O Driver ponder Propertie	8
Insta     Descriptio     Transmis     wide are	Ink-Layer Topology E nk-Layer Topology E II	Ascovery Map Ascovery Resp ninstall	Propertie	es S ult
Lescription     Transmis     wide are     across d	Amer Hotobol Versy nk-Layer Topology D nk-Layer Topology D 	iscovery Map iscovery Resp ninstal	Propertie cocol. The defai ommunication	es S ult
Insta Description Transmis wide are across d	Aller Problem Version     Aller Topology D     Aller Topology D     Aller	All Control of the co	Propertie cocol. The defai	es S ult
Insta Descriptio Transmis wide are across d	all	All Control of the second seco	Propertie Propertie	əs Ş
Insta Description Transmise across d	all U an control Protocol and Control Protocol an entwork protocol t iverse interconnecte	inistal inistal i/internet Prol hat provides c d networks.	Propertie Propertie	as 3 ult

- 7. In the General tab, left-click **Use the following IP address:** and enter the IP address and subnet mask.
  - IP Address: 192.168.20.2
  - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0





- 8. Left-click OK to close Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties, then left-click OK to close Network Connection Properties.
  - Network Connections Desktop nternet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties ? 🗙 🖉 🗢 😨 🕨 Cor eneral Local Area Cor You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. Networking Sha Connect using: Obtain an IP address automatically Intel(R) 825 Use the following IP address: IP address: 192 . 168 . 20 . 2 Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0 Client fr Default gateway: Obtain DNS server address automatically Our Use the following DNS server addresses: Preferred DNS server: - Link-Li Alternate DNS server: lostal Validate settings upon exit Advanced... cription Transmission wide area ne across diven Cancel
- 9. Open a web browser and navigate to *http://192.168.20.254/* to load the login screen. Enter your username and password, then click Log In.

Cogin X	and Million Transford and the R. Har	April .		×
← → C ㎡ 🗋 192.168.20.254/login.html			38	» =
	AUTHENTICATION REQUIRED	Default Log	Jin	
	Username: Password:	Username	araknis	
	AN-310-SW-8-POE	Password	araknis	

 If you were able to log in successfully, go to the System Settings menu to begin completing the recommended setup for all users. See section "11 - Recommended Setup – System Settings" on page 28.



# 8 - Interface Overview

## Page Layout

Use this section to become familiar with the common parts of the interface.

#### Figure 7. Interface Layout

âraknis	B CLOUD SERVER:	Connected O System Time: 2016-02-08 12:28:10 O System L	Jptime: Od 01:3
STATUS	System Information		
	System Name	AN-310-SW-8-POE	
SYSTEM	Model Number	AN-310-SW-8-POE	
PORTS	FW Version	v0.0.12 (Feb 01 2016 - 10:46:38)	
POE	Service Tag	ST15270020148411	
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION	MAC Address	D4:6A:91:32:F0:6E	
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	IP Address	192.168.1.30	
MAIN TENANCE	Gateway	192.168.1.1	
TRACE ROUTE			
FILE MANAGEMENT	Down 100fdx 1Gf	x 100fdx 1Gfdx Disabled	
RESTART DEVICE	Down Honda Tok	PoE PoE	
LOG OUT			
ADVANCED			
Search	AN-310-SW-8-POE		

#### • A - Main Navigation Menu

Use the submenus under the Status, Settings, Maintenance, and Advanced headings to configure and maintain the switch.

#### • B - Main Window

The main window displays the currently selected submenu.

#### • C - Top Bar

The top bar displays the current connection status to the OvrC server, the current internally-set system time, and the current system uptime in DAYS:HOURS:MINUTES.

#### • D - Search

Search for menu functions by entering a term, then selecting the appropriate item from the drop down results. Do not press enter when searching.

### **Applying or Canceling Changes**

After changes are made to a menu page, you must click the **Apply** button to save the new settings or **Cancel** to revert the changes. These buttons are always located at the bottom-right corner of the page.

Figure 8. Apply Button

UPnP	Enabled •	
		Apply Cancel

# 9 - Switch Status Pages

### System Status Page

Use the System Status page to review current system information and operating status.

Path - Status, System (Default Login Landing Page)

Figure 9. System Information and Port Status

âraknis	SYSTEM STATUS	CLOUD SERVER: Connect	ed () System Time: 2016-02-08 12:28:10	System Uptime: 0d 01:33:44
STATUS	System Information			
PORTS	System Name	AN	-310-SW-8-POE	
SYSTEM	Model Number	AN	-310-SW-8-POE	
PORTS	FW Version	v0.	0.12 (Feb 01 2016 - 10:46:38)	
POE	Service Tag	ST	15270020148411	
LINK AGGREGATION	MAC Address	D4:	6A:91:32:F0:6E	
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	IP Address	192	. 168. 1. 30	
MAIN TENANCE PING TEST	Gateway	192	. 168.1.1	
TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE		Down 100fdx 1Gfdx 100 Pd	Idx 1Gfdx Disabled E PoE	
ADVANCED		AN-310-SW-8-POE		
	Port Status			
	Port Name		Link Speed	Duplex
			1Gbps	Full
	2 Port 2		Not Connected	Not Connected

### **System Information**

- System Name Name assigned to the system.
- Model Number Product SKU.
- FW Version Current operating firmware version.
- MAC Address Media Access Control (MAC) address of the switch.
- IP Address Device management IP address.
- Service Tag Internal tracking number used to track every product sold by Araknis Networks.
- Gateway Default gateway of the management VLAN.

#### **Port Status**

- **Port –** Port number. Corresponds to the physical location of the port on the switch.
- Name Name assigned to the port.
- Link Speed Current port speed. 1Gbps, 100Mbps, 10Mbps, or Not Connected.
- Duplex Current duplex mode. Full or Half.



## Events Log

Use the Events Log to review messages about the operating state of the switch. The log can be cleared or saved to your computer in a text file (.txt).

#### Figure 10. Events Log

vents Log			<u>(</u> Q	
Time	Category	Severity	♦ Message	÷
Feb 08 2016 10:53:59	System	warning	System reboot	
Feb 08 2016 10:15:48	System	warning	System reboot	
Feb 05 2016 13:27:26	System	warning	System reboot	
10 • 1 to 3 of 3 EVEN	T(s)	1	 Previous N	lext 🔈
		E	xport Clear	

- Search Bar Enter terms to search for in the Message Field column.
- Time Log entry recorded time.
- Category Type of event.
- Severity Level of entry severity.
- Message Detailed entry information. Example: System reboot
- **Navigation** Use the left drop down to select a page of entries to navigate to. Use the Previous and Next buttons on the right side to toggle between screens.
- Export Click to export a .txt file of the log to your computer.
- Clear Click to erase all entries in the Events Log.



## Port Status Page

This page provides in-depth details about the status of each physical port.

#### Path - Status, Ports

Figure 11. Port Status

araknis	PORTS	CLOUD SI	ERVER: Conne	ected 🕓	System Time: 20	016-02-08 12	:28:29	🕒 System	Uptime: Od 01:
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS		Down 100fd	x 1Gfdx 10	D0fdx 1Gfd PoE PoE	x Disabled				
SETTINGS     SYSTEM     PORTS     POE     VLANS     LINK AGGREGATION     ACCESS MANAGEMENT		AN-310-SW-8-POE			SFP1 SFP2				
	Port Sta	tus	Link		A	Dutas	<b>F</b>	Deter	Farmer
TRACE ROUTE	Port	Name	Speed	Duplex	Group	Sent	Sent	Received	Received
FILE MANAGEMENT	1	Port 1	1Gbps	Full		6812261	0	42590662	0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE	1	Port 1 Port 2	1Gbps Not Connected	Full Not Connected		6812261 0	0	42590662 0	0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT	1 2 3	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3	1Gbps Not Connected 1Gbps	Full Not Connected Full		6812261 0 9701589	0 0 0	42590662 0 175097	0 0 0 0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED	1 2 3 4	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4	1Gbps Not Connected 1Gbps 100Mbps	Full Not Connected Full Full		6812261 0 9701589 9842143	0 0 0 0	42590662 0 175097 252748	0 0 0 0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED	1 2 3 4 5	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5	1Gbps       Not Connected       1Gbps       100Mbps       Not Connected	Full Not Connected Full Not Connected		6812261 0 9701589 9842143 0	0 0 0 0 0	42590662 0 175097 252748 0	0 0 0 0 0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED	1 2 3 4 5 6	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6	1Gbps       Not Connected       1Gbps       100Mbps       Not Connected       100Mbps	Full Not Connected Full Not Connected Full		6812261 0 9701589 9842143 0 42259199	0 0 0 0 0 0	42590662 0 175097 252748 0 4772248	0 0 0 0 0 0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6 Port 7	1Gbps       Not Connected       1Gbps       1Gbps       100Mbps       Not Connected       100Mbps       Not Connected	Full Not Connected Full Not Connected Full Not Connected		6812261 0 9701589 9842143 0 42259199 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	42590662 0 175097 252748 0 4772248 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6 Port 7 Port 8	1Gbps       Not Connected       1Gbps       1Gbps       100Mbps       Not Connected       100Mbps       Not Connected       100Mbps       Not Connected       1Gbps	Full Not Connected Full Not Connected Full Not Connected Full		6812261 0 9701589 9842143 0 42259199 0 9823876	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	42590662 0 175097 252748 0 4772248 0 258095	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 SFP1	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 Port 6 Port 7 Port 8 SFP 1	1Gbps       Not       Connected       1Gbps       100Mbps       Not       Connected       100Mbps       Not       Connected       1Gbps       Not       Connected       1Gbps       Not       Connected	Full Not Connected Full Not Connected Full Not Connected Full Not Connected		6812261 0 9701589 9842143 0 42259199 0 9823876 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	42590662 0 175097 252748 0 4772248 0 258095 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

- **Port -** The number of the physical switch port.
- Name The assigned name of the port.
- Link Speed The current speed of the port based off of the connected device in use. 1Gbps, 100Mbps, 10Mbps, or Not Connected.
- Duplex The current duplex setting with the connected device. Full or Half.
- **Aggregation Group** The aggregation group the port is member of. No ports are members of any aggregation group by default.
- Bytes Sent A live count of the number of bytes being transmitted on a specific port.
- **Errors Sent** A live count of the number of outgoing errors sent on a specific port. Use this number to determine whether there is a problem with the physical interface of the specific port.
- Bytes Received A live count of the number of bytes being received on a specific port.
- **Errors Received** A live count of the number of incoming errors received on a specific port. Use this number to determine whether there is a problem with the physical interface of the port.



# 10 - System Settings

Configure system level settings.

## System Information

Path - Settings, System, System

Figure 12. System Information Settings

<b>araknis</b>		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-02-08 12:28:48	System Uptime: 0d 01:34:26
STATUS SYSTEM	SYSTEM SETTINGS System			
PORTS	System Name	AN-310-SW-8-POE	(char : 1 ~ 255)	
SETTINGS SYSTEM	System Location	Home Rack	(char : 0 ~ 255)	
PORTS	Admin Username	admin	(char : 1 ~ 18)	
POE	Current Admin Password		(char : 4 ~ 32)	
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION	New Admin Password		(char : 4 ~ 32)	
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	Confirm New Admin Password		(char : 4 ~ 32)	
MAIN TENANCE PING TEST	Management VLAN ID	1 •		
TRACE ROUTE	LED	1Gbps      PoE      Disabled		

- System Name Assign a name for identifying the system.
- System Location Describe the location of the switch.
- Admin Username Enter a username for administrator access. Default: araknis.
- **Current Admin Password –** Enter the current password when changing the system name. *Default: araknis.*
- New Admin Password Enter the new value when changing the administrator password.
- **Confirm New Admin Password –** Re-enter the new value when changing the administrator password. Must be the same as the above field.
- Management VLAN ID Select the VLAN to be used when accessing the switch interface. All ports are set to VLAN 1 by default. Do not change this setting unless additional VLANs have been configured. Once the setting is changed, you will lose access to the interface unless your computer is connected to a port on the specified VLAN. Default: 1
- LED Select what information is represented by the front/top panel port status LEDs. Options:
  - **1Gbps (default) -** Left RJ45 LED and front/top status LED ON indicates 1 Gbps connection.
  - **PoE –** Left RJ45 LED and front/top status LED ON indicates that a PoE-powered device is connected.
  - **Disabled -** All port and status LEDs are disabled.



## **IP Address Settings**

The switch may be addressed using either IPv4 or IPv6 addressing. Use the toggle at the top of the page to select the desired setting.

Path - Settings, System, IP Address Settings

Figure 13. IP Address Settings Menu

IPv4		IPv6					
Auto Configuration	Static      OHCP	IPv6 State	Auto Configuration v				
IPv4 Address	192.168.1.30	IPv6 Address	fe80::d66a:91ff:fe32:f06e           /         64         (1-127)				
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Default Gateway					
Default Gateway	192.168.1.1	Link Local Address	fe80::d66a:91ff:fe32:f06e				
DNS Server 1	192.168.1.1						
DNS Server 2							

#### **IPv4 IP Settings**

- Auto Configuration Select the IP address mode. In DHCP mode, the switch will be issued IPv4 address settings by the DHCP server (if enabled, usually in the router). Use Static mode to manually set an IP address.
- IPv4 Address IP address issued to the switch. Used for accessing the interface. Default: 192.168.20.254
- Subnet Mask Identifies the subnet the IP address is part of. Default: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway IP address of the Internet gateway device (usually the router).
- DNS Server 1 IP address of the DNS Server. Usually the same as the Default Gateway.
- DNS Server 2 (Optional) Enter a second DNS Server IP address.

#### **IPv6 IP Settings**

- IPv6 State Auto Configuration, DHCPv6 Client, or Static.
- IPv6 Address Displays the assigned IPv6 address and subnet mask.
- Default Gateway IPv6 address of the Internet gateway device (usually the router).
- Link Local Address Local routing address associated with a specific broadcast domain (VLAN).

#### Figure 14. Date and Time Settings, UPnP

Manually Set Date and T	ime
Date: 2016 / 2 / 08	
lime: 12 : 28 (24	L-Hour)
Synchronize with PC	
Automatically Get Date a	ind Time
TP Server: time.nist.gov	T
Time Zone: (GMT-05:00) E	astern Time (US and Canada)
Enable Daylight Saving	
Start: March V 2nd	
End: November ▼ 1st	▼ Sun ▼ 02 ▼ : 00 ▼
PnP Configuration	
IPnP	Enabled T

#### **Date and Time Settings**

Path - Settings, System, Date and Time Settings

- Manually Set Date and Time Select to manually set date and time.
  - Date Enter the year, month and date (four digits for year; two digits for month, two digits for date)
  - **Time** Enter the hour and minutes for the correct current time. Use a mobile device or satellite clock for accuracy.
- Synchronize with PC Click this button to automatically sync the access point to a connected computer.
- Automatically Get Date and Time Select to automatically get date and time from various web
  resources.
  - NTP Server Select an NTP (Network Time Protocol) server for setting date and time. *Default: time.nist.gov.*
- Time Zone Select the appropriate time zone from the drop-down.
- Enable Daylight Saving Select to enable. DST start/end can change from year to year. Be sure to update this information.
  - Start Select the month, date, day and time Daylight Saving Time starts from the drop downs.
  - End Select the month, date, day and time Daylight Saving Time ends from the drop downs.

### **UPnP** Setting

Path - Settings, System, UPnP Configuration

• **UPnP -** Allow the switch to act as a UPnP client. Enabled or Disabled.

■ **Note -** This setting will not affect OvrC Web Connect or OvrC web monitoring. Contact technical support if you need to disable OvrC functionality.



# 11 - Recommended Setup - System Settings

We recommend changing the following interface settings to provide the best security and performance. These are the minimum settings that should be changed on every install.

#### Path - Settings, System

	System				
	System Name	AN-310-SW-8-POE	(char : 1 ~ 255)		
3	System Location	Home Rack	(char : 0 ~ 255)	Defeuilt Cet	+:
	Admin Username	admin	(char : 1 ~ 18)	Derault Set	ting
	Current Admin Password		(char : 4 ~ 32)	Ilsornamo	arakni
GATION	New Admin Password		(char : 4 ~ 32)	Osername	arakin
CE	Confirm New Admin Password		(char : 4 ~ 32)	Password	arakni
		Christian Christian			- an an an
	LED	TGops     Pot     Disabled			
E	ID Address Settings				
	IP Address Settings		IPv6		
	Auto Configuration	Static @ DHCP	IPv6 State	Auto Configuration	
$\square$	Auto comiguration	O otalie @ Difor	ii vo suue	into comgaration	
	IPv4 Address	192.168.1.30	IPv6 Address	fe80::d66a:91ff:fe32:f06e	
			I.	64 (1-127)	
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Default Gateway		
	Default Gateway	192.168.1.1	Link Local Address	e80::d66a:91ff:fe32:f06e	
	DNS Server 1	192.168.1.1			
	DNS Server 2				
	Date and Time Settings Manually Set Date and Time Date: 2016 / 2 / 08 Time: 12 : 28 (24-Ho	ur)			
	Synchronize with PC				
	Automatically Get Date and	Time			
	NTP Server: time.nist.gov	<b>v</b>			
	Time Zone: (GMT-05:00) East	ern Time (US and Canada)			
	✓ Enable Daylight Saving				
	Start: March V 2nd V	Sun V 02 V: 00 V			
	End: November * 1st *	Sun ▼ 02 ▼ : 00 ▼			
		)	/		
	UPnP Configuration				

Figure 15. Recomm

#### 1. Change Default User Name and Password

Enter a user name and password for the administrator account (System menu at the top of the page). This will prevent unauthorized access to the interface. (Default login: araknis; araknis) Record the new settings so you can log in after applying the changes.

#### 2. Configure System IP Address

Set an IP address for accessing the interface. We recommend a static IP so the address doesn't change. Record the address so you can access the interface later.

#### 3. Configure System Time and Date

We recommend using the Automatically Get Time and Date setting using the default server "time.nst. gov". This will ensure that scheduling features configured in the switch operate on the correct schedule.

#### 4. Configure other System Settings

Configure any other fields on the page as desired. See the previous section for all setting definitions.

#### 5. Save the new settings

Click the Apply button at the bottom right of the screen to save the new system settings. Enter the new user name and password when the login screen appears.



# 12 - Port Configuration Settings

Customize individual port settings and jumbo frame size.

#### Path - Settings, Ports

Figure 16.	Jumbo Frame	and Basic	Port Settings
------------	-------------	-----------	---------------

SYSTEM	Jumbo	Frame							
PORTS	Size	9216	Bytes (1522-9216)						
SYSTEM									
▶ PORTS	Basic F	ort Settings							
POE	Port	Name		Speed		Duplex			
VLANS	1	Port 1				Auto	*	Auto	٣
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	2	Port 2	Port 2						
	3	Port 3				Auto	•	Auto	•
TRACE ROUTE	4	Port 4				Auto	•	Auto	•
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE	5	Port 5	Auto	*	Auto	*			
LOG OUT	6	Port 6				Auto	•	Auto	*
ADVANCED	7	Port 7				Auto	*	Auto	•
Search	8	Port 8				Auto	*	Auto	•
	SFP1	SFP 1				Auto	٣	Full	*
	SFP2	SFP 2		Auto	•	Full	•		
	LAG1	LAG 1				Auto	*	Auto	*
	LAG2	LAG 2				Auto	•	Auto	*
	LAG3	LAG 3				Auto	*	Auto	•
	LAG4	LAG 4				Auto	*	Auto	*
	LAG5	LAG 5				Auto	*	Auto	*
	LAG6	LAG 6				Auto	•	Auto	*
	LAG7	LAG 7				Auto	*	Auto	*
	LAG8	LAG 8				Auto	*	Auto	*

### Jumbo Frame Setting

• Size – Sets the maximum frame size for traffic going through the switch. Received packets that exceed the maximum frame size are dropped. Range: 1518-9216 bytes. Default: 9216

### **Basic Port Settings**

- **Port -** The number of the physical switch port.
- Name The assigned name of the port.
- Speed The current speed of the port based on the connected device in use. Auto, 1Gbps, 100Mbps, 10Mbps, or Disabled.
   Default: Auto
- **Duplex -** The current duplex setting with the connected device. Auto, Full or Half. *Default: Auto*



## **Advanced Port Settings**

Path -	Settings,	Ports,	Advanced	Port	Settings
--------	-----------	--------	----------	------	----------

Figure 17. Advanced Port Settings

Port	Link Status	Flow Control	EEE Status
1	Link Up	Disabled •	Disabled
2	Link Down	Disabled	Disabled
3	Link Up	Disabled •	Disabled
4	Link Up	Disabled	Disabled
5	Link Down	Disabled •	Disabled
6	Link Up	Disabled	Disabled
7	Link Down	Disabled •	Disabled
8	Link Up	Disabled	Disabled
SFP1	Link Down	Disabled •	
SFP2	Link Down	Disabled	
LAG1	Link Down	Disabled •	
LAG2	Link Down	Disabled	
LAG3	Link Down	Disabled •	
LAG4	Link Down	Disabled	
LAG5	Link Down	Disabled •	
LAG6	Link Down	Disabled	
LAG7	Link Down	Disabled •	
LAG8	Link Down	Disabled	

- **Port -** The number of the physical switch port.
- Link Status Current operating status of the port. Link up or Link down.
- Flow Control Flow control can eliminate frame loss by "blocking" traffic from end devices or other network devices connected directly to the switch when the buffer is overloaded on a specific switch port. When enabled, back pressure is used for half-duplex operation and IEEE 802.3-2005 (formally IEEE 802.3x) for full-duplex operation. Default: Disabled
- **EEE Status** Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) is a standard defined by IEEE 802.3az to reduce LAN device power consumption during idle periods. With EEE enabled, compatible devices can go into LPI (Low Power Idle) mode during periods of low utilization and then turn back on when needed. *Default: Disabled*

■ Note - EEE causes some network latency. If you experience latency problems with this mode enabled, try disabling the feature to determine if EEE is causing the issue.



# 13 - PoE Settings

The switch is designed to make PoE a plug-and-play affair for most applications. Use the PoE Settings menu to monitor, troubleshoot, and control each port.

Figure 18.	PoE Settings Menu
------------	-------------------

PORTS	Enable	Port	Power Limit Type	Priority		Status	Class	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA)	Output Power (W)	Power Cycle
SETTINGS		1	Auto 🔹	Low	*	Delivering	4	54.7	72	3.9	
SYSTEM PORTS	~	2	Auto •	Low	•	Detecting					
▶ POE		3	Auto 🔻	Low	*	Detecting					
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION	~	4	Auto 🔻	Low	•	Detecting					
ACCESS MANAGEMENT		5	Auto •	Low	*	Detecting					
MAIN TENANCE PING TEST	~	6	Auto •	Low	•	Detecting					
TRACE ROUTE		7	Auto 🔻	Low	*	Detecting					
RESTART DEVICE	<b>Z</b>	8	Auto	Low	•	Detecting					

- **Enable –** Check the box to enable PoE on the specified port. *Default: Enabled*
- **Port -** The number of the physical switch port.
- Power Limit Type Auto, 7W, 15.4W, or 30W. Default: Auto
- **Priority** Port priority is used when remote devices require more power than the power supply can deliver. In this case, the ports with the lowest priority will be turned off starting from the port with the highest port number. Low, Medium, or High. *Default: Low*
- Status -
  - **Detecting** The port is not providing PoE power and waiting for a connection that requires it. If a device is connected and status is still Detecting, then the device is not powered via PoE.
  - **Delivering -** The port is connected to a PoE device and power is being provided.
- **Class –** PoE Class of the connected device (1,2,3, or 4).
- Output Voltage (V) PoE voltage being supplied to the port.
- Output Current (mA) Current in milliamps being supplied to the port.
- Output Power (W) Power in watts being supplied to the port.
- **Power Cycle –** Check the box and click **Apply** to power cycle PoE on one or more ports.

# PoE Setup and Troubleshooting

#### Figure 19. PoE Settings Menu

SYSTEM												
PORTS	Enable	Port	Power Limit Type		Priority		Status	Class	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA)	Output Power (W)	Powe Cycle
SETTINGS		1	Auto 🔻	ר	Low	•	Delivering	4	54.7	72	3.9	

### Checking Status of PoE Devices

In the image above, a PoE-powered access point is connected to port 1 on the switch. The Status, Class and Output fields tell you that PoE is functioning correctly (Delivering), as well as how much power is being consumed. Update the page after changing port connections or settings on the page to refresh the table.

- Status Options:
  - **Detecting –** The port is not providing PoE power. If a device is connected and status is still Detecting, see the PoE Troubleshooting section below.
  - **Delivering -** The port is connected to a PoE device and power is being provided.
- Class PoE Class of the device connection.
- Output Voltage (V) Voltage being supplied to the port.
- Output Current (mA) Current in milliamps being supplied to the port.
- Output Power (W) Power in watts being supplied to the port.

### **Configuring PoE Ports**

Use these settings to customize PoE in situations where power is critical for certain equipment or if power must be disabled on a port.

- Enable Check the box to enable PoE on the specified port.
- Power Limit Type Auto, 7W, 15.4W, or 30W.
- **Priority** Port priority is used when remote devices require more power than the power supply can deliver. In this case, the ports with the lowest priority will be turned off starting from the port with the highest port number. Low, Medium, or High.

### **Troubleshooting PoE Issues**

- **Power Cycle –** Check the box and click **Apply** to power cycle PoE on one or more ports.
- **Overcurrent Condition** With default PoE settings, if the current drawn from PoE devices exceeds the total budget for the switch, PoE will be disabled on ports beginning with the highest numbered port.



# 14 - VLAN Settings (Basic Port-Based)

Use this menu to configure port-based VLANs. See the Understanding and Using VLANs white paper for more information about this feature and detailed setup examples and instructions. By default, all ports are assigned to VLAN 1 as untagged ports.

#### Figure 20. VLAN Settings

<b>araknis</b>		-	CLOUD SERVER	Connected O System 1	ïme: 2016-02-08 12:30:08	System Uptime: Od 01:35
STATUS	VLAN SETTING	Name	Access Port	Trunk Port	Custom Port	Delete
PORTS	1	default	1-8,SFP1-SFP2,LAG1-LAG8			
	1 ~ 4094	char : 0 ~ 32				匬
SYSTEM						Add
PORTS						100
POE						
+VLANS						Apply Cancel

- VID VLAN ID.
- Name Use this field to enter a custom VLAN name for easy identification.
- Access Port Ports and LAGs assigned to the VLAN. The switch tags untagged packets from assigned Access Ports with the specified VLAN ID. See the figure below for information about changing settings.
- Trunk Port Trunk port/s assigned to the VLAN. Trunk Ports send tagged packets to other devices.
- Custom Port Displays ports assigned to the VLAN that have customized settings. Customizations can be made in the Advanced VLAN configuration menus. See section "Advanced VLANs – 802.1Q VLANs" on page 63.
- **Delete -** Click the trash can icon then click **Apply** to delete a VLAN definition.

### **Access and Trunk Port Selection**

Figure 21. Access and Trunk Port Selection

VID		N	ame		Acces	ss Por	t			Trunk Port					
1			default		1-8,SFP1-SFP2,LAG1-LAG8										
20			Media		3-5					2					
	Port 1 2 3		3 4	4 5 6 7			8	SFP1	SFP2	LAG1	LAG2				
	Access	0	0	۲	۲	۲	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Trunk	٠	•	•	•	•	0		•	•		•			
	none	۲	0	0	0	0	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲		
							07			÷					
	Port	LAG3	LAG4	LAG5	LAG	56 LA	G7	LAG8							
	Access	0	0		0			0							
	Trunk		•	•	•		3/2	•							
	none	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲		۲							
						_									
						Conf	irm	Cancel							

- Access Port Ports and LAGs assigned to the VLAN. The switch tags untagged packets from assigned Access Ports with the specified VLAN ID.
- Trunk Port Trunk port(s) assigned to the VLAN. Trunk Ports send tagged packets to other devices.
- **none -** These ports are not included in the VLAN.



## Creating a New VLAN

- 1. Click the Add button to create a new entry.
- 2. Enter a VLAN ID and name for the new entry.
- 3. Assign access and trunk ports by clicking either **Port** field to open the assignment window, then selecting the function of each port as it relates to that VLAN. You may also assign Link Aggregation Groups to VLANs in the menu.
  - Access Port Ports and LAGs assigned to the VLAN. The switch tags untagged packets from assigned Access Ports with the specified VLAN ID.
  - Trunk Port Trunk port/s assigned to the VLAN. Trunk Ports send tagged packets to other devices.
  - **none -** These ports are not included in the VLAN.
- 4. Click **Confirm** to close the window. The selections will appear in the Access and Trunk Port fields.
- 5. Click **Apply** to save the new settings.

	N	lame	j	Acce	ss Po	rt		Trunk	Trunk Port				
		default		1-8,	1-8,SFP1-SFP2,LAG1-LAG8								
		Media		3-5					2				
Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	SFP1	SFP2	LAG1	LAG	
Access	•	0	۲	۲	۲	C		•	0	•	•	•	
Trunk	•	٠					•		•				
none	۲	0	0	0	0	۲	)	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	
-													
Port	LAG3	LAG4	LAG	5 LAG	56 L	AG7	LAG8						
Access	0 0		0	0		0	0						
Access			-										
Trunk	•	•			6 1 3								

Figure 22. Configuring Ports in a VLAN

In this example, for VLAN 20, Ports 3-5 are configured as Access ports and Port 2 is assigned as a Trunk port. The remaining ports are left set to none and remain on the default VLAN 1.



# **15 - Link Aggregation Settings**

Link Aggregation is also known as Port Trunking. It allows using multiple ports in parallel to increase the link speed between two switches, increasing redundancy for higher availability.

The switch supports both static trunking and dynamic Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP). Static trunks must be manually configured at both ends of the link. You can configure any number of ports on the switch to use LACP as long as they are not already configured as part of a static trunk.

SYSTEM	Group	Name	Mode	Active Ports	Member Ports
PORTS	1	LAG 1	Disabled •		[
SETTINGS SYSTEM	2	LAG 2	Disabled v		
PORTS POF	3	LAG 3	Disabled •		
VLANS	4	LAG 4	Disabled •		
► LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT	5	LAG 5	Disabled •		
MAIN TENANCE	6	LAG 6	Disabled •		
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	7	LAG 7	Disabled •		
FILE MANAGEMENT	8	LAG 8	Disabled •		



- **Group -** Number of the group configured in the rule.
- Name Enter a custom name for the group being configured.
- **Mode –** Select whether the rule is disabled, static, or LACP. *Default: Disabled*
- Active Ports Displays ports being actively used for LAG.
- Member Ports Click to select member ports for the group.



## Creating a New Link Aggregation Rule

- 1. Change the name of the group as desired.
- 2. Select the operating mode for the group:
  - **Disabled -** No Link Aggregation.
  - Static All traffic is balanced evenly between the ports.
  - **Dynamic -** Traffic is sent based on LACP protocol.
- 3. Click the **Member Ports** field to open the assignment window, then select the member ports to be used for LAG.
- 4. Click **Confirm** to close the window. The selections will appear in the Member Port field.
- 5. Click **Apply** to save the new settings.

Group	Name										Mode			Active Ports	Member Ports	
1	LAG	1									LACP •				SFP1-SFP2	
2	LAG	2									Disa	bled	•			
3	LAG	LAG 3											•			
4	LAG	LAG 4											•			
5	LAG	LAG 5											*			ſ
6	LAG	6									Disa	bled	•			
7	LAG									_						
8	LAG		Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	SFP1	SFP2			
		Confirm Cancel													Apply Cancel	

In this example, for Group 1, both SFP ports are configured as Member ports using LACP.

 $\blacksquare$  Note - LACP must be configured in equipment on both sides of the link to operate correctly.
# **16 - Access Management Settings**

Configure user account permissions and what access protocols may be used for access.



SVSTEM	1						
PORTS	User Management User Name		Password		Privilege Type		Delete
SETTINGS	admin		char : 4 ~ 32	0	Admin		
SYSTEM PORTS	char: 1 ~ 18		char: 4 ~ 32		Admin	•	匬
POE		)			Admin		-
VLANS					User		Add
LINK AGGREGATION							Huu
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	HTTP/Teinet/SSH						
MAIN TENANCE	нттр	• Enabl	ed 🔘 Disabled				
TRACE ROUTE	HTTPS	Enabl	ed 💿 Disabled				
FILE MANAGEMENT	Telnet	• Enabl	ed 💿 Disabled				

#### **User Management**

- User Name Enter a user name for the account. 1-18 characters. Not case sensitive.
- **Password -** Enter a password for the account. 4-32 characters. Case sensitive.
- Privilege Type Select whether the account has user or admin level account functionality. Options:
  - Admin Full access and control of the entire local interface.
  - User Limited to viewing current settings in all menus.
- **Delete –** Click the trash can icon then click **Apply** to delete an entry (must click Apply to save the setting). The default admin account cannot be removed.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

Note - The user name of the primary account must be changed in the System Settings menu. See section "10 - System Settings" on page 25.

#### HTTP/Telnet/SSH

 HTTP - Select whether the local interface may be accessed using HTTP. This is the most common access method.
 Default: Enabled

• **HTTPS -** Select whether the interface can be accessed using HTTPS. *Default: Disabled* 

- **Telnet** Select whether the switch will accept Telnet commands. *Default: Enabled*
- **SSH –** Select whether the switch will accept SSH commands. Default: Disabled *Default: Disabled*



# 17 - Maintenance Menus

#### **Ping Test**

Send ICMP echo request packets to another device on the network to determine if it can be reached. Use the Ping test to determine whether a device or host is communicating correctly.

Figure 2	5. Ping	Test Page	ć
----------	---------	-----------	---

araknis		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	<b>System Time:</b> 2016-02-08 12:31:35	System Uptime: Od 0
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS				
	IP Address: 192.168.1.100	(x.x.x.x or hostname)		
PORTS POE	Count: 4 (1	- 5   Default : 4 )		
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION	Interval (in sec): 1 (1	- 5   Default:1)		
	Size (in bytes): 56 (8	- 5120   Default : 56 )		
PING TEST				
FILE MANAGEMENT	Result:			
LOG OUT				
O ADVANCED				
Q Search				
				Tast
				Test

- IP Address Enter the IP address of a device or web page to be pinged.
- **Count –** Number of ping attempts (1-5). *Default: 4*
- Interval Number of seconds between pings (1-5). *Default: 1*
- **Ping Packet Size –** Enter the packet size of each ping (8-5120 bytes). Change to test MTU issues. *Default: 56 Bytes*
- **Result -** Displays results of the test in real time. Resize screen table using bottom right corner click-drag.
- Test Click to start the ping test.

#### **Running a Ping Test**

- 1. Enter the target IP address into the IP Address field.
- 2. Change other parameters if desired. The default settings are a great start for troubleshooting.
- 3. Click Test and wait for the results to appear. See the next page for help understanding results.



#### **Understanding Ping Test Results**

Figure 26. Successful Ping Test Result

IP Address:	(192.168.1.80 (x.x.x.x or hostname)
Count:	4 (1-5   Default:4)
Interval (in sec):	1 (1-5   Default : 1 )
Size (in bytes):	56 (8 - 5120   Default : 56 )
Result:	PING 192.168.1.80 (192.168.1.80): 56 data bytes 64 bytes from 192.168.1.80: icmp_seq=0 ttl=64 time=0.0 ms
Result:	PING 192.168.1.80 (192.168.1.80): 56 data bytes 64 bytes from 192.168.1.80: icmp_seq=0 ttl=64 time=0.0 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.80: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.0 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.80: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.0 ms 64 bytes from 192.168.1.80: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.0 ms

#### Figure 27. Failed Ping Test Result

IP Address:	(x.x.x.x or hostname) (x.x.x.x or hostname)
Count:	4 (1-5   Default : 4 )
Interval (in sec):	1 (1-5   Default : 1 )
Size (in bytes):	56 (8 - 5120   Default : 56 )
Result:	PING 192.168.1.100 (192.168.1.100): 56 data bytes
	192.168.1.100 ping statistics 4 packets transmitted, 0 packets received, 100% packet loss

- The first line shows the IP address pinged. If a URL was entered (example: google.com) then the IP address will be displayed also.
- If a ping is successful, the details of each packet are displayed one per line. Note how the successful ping above has four lines beginning with *64 bytes from...* whereas the failed ping does not.
- Ping Statistics are displayed last. Describes the number of packets (pings) transmitted, the number of packets received from the target in response, percent packet loss, and, if successful, the minimum, average, and maximum round trip timing of the packets.

#### **Troubleshooting Using Ping Test Results**

- If no packets are received, check the connections between the switch and the target device first. The target device may not be connected. If the connection is good, reset or power cycle the target device. It may have become unresponsive.
- If packets are still not received, check for a bad cable, port, or failing equipment. Try changing the connections to a known, working path.
- If everything checks out, but still no packets are received, there may be a traffic issue due to network settings like VLAN or ACL misconfiguration. Check settings related to the ports, IP addresses, and MAC addresses in use.



## Trace Route Test

The Trace Route test uses a ping to tell you what path a packet takes to travel between the switch and the target device by counting the number of hops (hops happen when a packet is forwarded from one router to another). Trace route is primarily used to troubleshoot issues with connections over the WAN port because on the LAN there is rarely more than one router for the packet to pass through.



		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-02-08 12:31:49	System Uptime: 0d 01:3
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	IP Address:	(x.x.x.x or hostname)		
SETTINGS     SYSTEM     PORTS     DOE	Max Hop: 30	2 - 255   Default : 30 )		
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT	Result:			
MAINTENANCE PING TEST →TRACE ROUTE				
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT				
ADVANCED				
Gearch				

- IP Address Enter the IP address of a device or web page to ping for the test.
- Max Hop Enter the maximum number of hops to be recorded in the Ping test (2-55). *Default: 30*
- **Result** Displays the results of the test in real time. Resize screen table using bottom right corner clickdrag.
- Test Click the button to start the Traceroute test.

#### Running a Trace Route Test

- 1. Enter the target IP address into the IP Address field.
- 2. Click **Test** and wait for the results to appear. See the next page for help understanding results.



## **Understanding Trace Route Test Results**

Figure 29. Trace Route Result

IP Address:	8.8.8.8 (x.x.x.x or hostname)
Max Hop:	30 (2 - 255   Default : 30 )
Result:	traceroute to 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8), 30 hops max, 40 byte packets           1         192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1) 48 bytes to 192.168.1.30 0 ms 0 ms           2         10.21.128.1 (10.21.128.1) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 10 ms           36 bytes from 92.168.1.30 to 192.168.1.30: icmp type 3 (Dest Unreachable) code 1
	36 bytes from 92.168.1.30 to 192.168.1.30; icmp type 3 (Dest Unreachable) code 1 10 ms 3 36 bytes from 92.168.1.30 to 192.168.1.30; icmp type 3 (Dest Unreachable) code 1 208.104.0.117 (208.104.0.117) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 10 ms 10 ms 10 ms 4 208.104.1.45 (208.104.1.45) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 10 ms 10 ms 10 ms 5 208.104.1.91 (208.104.1.45) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 20 ms 20 ms 6 208.104.0.9 (208.104.0.9) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 20 ms 10 ms 7 165.166 7.86.1 (165.166 7.86.1) 48 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 20 ms 10 ms 8 72.14.215.218 (72.14.215.218) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 20 ms 10 ms 9 209.85.243.51 (209.85.243.51) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 10 ms 20 ms 10 216.239.51.245 (216.239.51.243) 148 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 20 ms 11 209.85.143.197 (209.85.143.197) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 209.85.243.254 (209.85.243.254) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 10 ms 209.85.143.201 (209.85.143.201) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 11 209.85.143.197 (209.85.143.197) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 209.85.243.254 (209.85.243.254) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 10 ms 209.85.143.197 (209.85.143.201) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 11 209.85.143.197 (209.85.143.197) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 209.85.243.254 (209.85.243.254) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 10 ms 209.85.143.201 (209.85.143.201) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 20 ms 11 3 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 36 bytes to 192.168.1.30 10 ms 30 ms 20 ms

- The results window displays the parameters for the test, followed by information about each hop or hop attempt.
- Each line starting with a number indicates a hop in the path to the target IP address. Only hops between routers are shown, not between switches.
- Each hop is tested three times. In each hop entry, the send and receive IP address are shown, followed by the amount of time it took for the hop to occur on each of the three attempts.



## **File Management Settings**

Save configuration files (of current switch settings) and upgrade firmware.



<b>araknis</b>		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-02-08 12:32:08	System Uptime: Od 01:37:4
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	Configuration File			
	Backup Current Configuration	To PC		
SYSTEM PORTS	Upload New Configuration File	Choose File No file chosen		
POE	Restore Factory Defaults	Yes		
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION	Eirmware Q			
	Current Firmware Version	v0.0.12		
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	Partition	Partition 0(Active)		
► FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE	Upload New Firmware	Choose File No file chosen Upload to Partition		

## **Configuration File**

Use the Configuration File menu to back up or restore settings to the switch.

- Backup Current Configuration Save the current configuration settings to a compressed archive on your computer. Click the To PC button and select a location to save the file.
- Upload New Configuration File Restore previously saved configuration settings. Click Choose File and select a configuration from the Open window. Then, click the From PC button to upload the configuration file.
- **Restore Factory Defaults -** Click the Yes button to restore all factory default settings.

#### Firmware

- Current Firmware Version Indicates the current firmware version on the selected partition.
- Partition Select the partition to change firmware for:
  - **Partition 0 -** Default partition.
  - **Partition 1 –** Backup partition. (In the event of one partition failing, the switch will reboot and use the alternate firmware.)
- **Upload New Firmware –** Upload a new firmware version to the selected partition. Click Choose File to select a file from your computer. Click Upload to Partition to load the firmware.



## **Dual Image**

Select which partition the switch runs on. In the event of one partition failing, the switch will reboot and use the alternate firmware.

#### Figure 31. Dual Image Menu

Active	Flash Partition	Status	Image Name	Image Size(Byte)	Created Time
۲	Partition 0	Active	IMG-0.0.12	6050953	2016-02-01 10:46:38
	Partition 1	Backup	IMG-0.0.02	6089118	2015-06-15 15:14:01

- Active Select the desired partition and click Apply to reboot the switch from the firmware on the selected partition.
- Flash Partition Name of the partition.
- Status Current partition status:
  - Active The partition the switch is currently operating from.
  - Backup The partition the switch is NOT currently operating from.
  - Image Name Firmware version currently loaded on the partition.
  - Image Size (Bytes) File size of the firmware on the partition.
  - Created Time Time and date the firmware file was uploaded to the partition.

#### **Firmware Update Instructions**

- 1. Download the new firmware from the product support tab. Extract the firmware from the zip file to a know location on your computer.
- 2. Navigate to the Maintenance > File Management > Firmware menu.

ACCESS MANAGEMENT	Firmware 🚱	Firmware 0						
MAIN TENANCE	Current Firmware Version	v0.0.12						
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	Partition	Partition 0(Active)						
FILE MANAGEMENT	Unload New Firmwore	Choose File No file chosen						
RESTART DEVICE	Opload New Firmware	Upload to Partition						

- 3. Click the **Choose File** button for Upload New Firmware, then find and select the new firmware and click **Open**.
- 4. Click Upload to Partition then follow the prompts to complete the update for the first partition.
- 5. After the first partition is updated, repeat the process, but before clicking **Upload to Partition**, select the alternate partition from the **Partition** drop down.
- 6. After the alternate partition uploads, the process is complete.



# Restart

Figure 32. Restart Page

araknis,		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-02-08 12:32:13	System Uptime:	Od 01:37:51
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	RESTART DEVICE				
SETTINGS     SYSTEM     PORTS	Caution: Pressing this button will Restart Switch	I cause the device to reboot.			

• **Restart Switch –** Click to restart the switch. No settings will be lost, but Ethernet will drop for connected devices until the restart is complete (~ 60 seconds). The login screen will reload once the restart is complete.

## Log Out

Figure 33. Log Out Page

<b>araknis</b>		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-02-08 12:32:57	System Uptime: 0d 01:38:36
STATUS SYSTEM	To Log Out, click "Log Out" button.			
	Log Out			

• Log Out - Click to log out from the current session. The login screen will reload once the logout is complete.



# 18 - Advanced Menus

The remaining menus are meant only for advanced users. Proper setup and use of these features requires advanced networking knowledge.



# **19 - Advanced Port Statistics**

Use the Detailed Port Statistics page to display detailed statistics for each switch port. This information can be used to identify potential problems with the switch (like a faulty port or an unusual traffic drop). All values displayed are accumulated in each respective counter since the last system reboot or the last time you cleared the counters. Statistics are refreshed every 1 second by default. Use the drop-down menu at the top-right of the page to select a switch port. Click the **Clear** button to reset the statistics for the selected port.



STATUS SYSTEM PORTS				Port 1
SETTINGS	Rec	eive Total	Transmit	Total
SYSTEM	Rx Packets	1269	Tx Packets	17375
PORTS	Rx Octets	228421	Tx Octets	3344148
VLANS	Rx Unicast	1266	Tx Unicast	1729
LINK AGGREGATION	Rx Multicast	0	Tx Multicast	11728
ACCESSMANAGEMENT	Rx Broadcast	3	Tx Broadcast	3918
PING TEST	Rx Pause	0	Tx Pause	0
TRACE ROUTE	Receive E	Error Counters	Receive Size	Counters
RESTART DEVICE	Rx Drops	0	Pkts 64 Octets	58
LOG OUT	Rx CRC/Alignment	0	Pkts 65 to 127 Octets	446
	Rx Undersize	0	Pkts 128 to 255 Octets	600
PORT STATISTICS NEIGHBORS	Rx Oversize	0	Pkts 256 to 511 Octets	7
D MULTICAST	Rx Fragments	0	Pkts 512 to 1023 Octets	155
D STP D VLANS	Rx Jabber	0	Pkts 1024 to 1518 Octets	3

#### • Receive/Transmit Total

- Packets The number of all packets sent and received (good and bad).
- Octets The number of all bytes sent and received (good and bad), including Frame Check Sequence, but excluding framing bits.
- Unicast The number of unicast packets sent and received (good and bad).
- Multicast The number of multicast packets sent and received (good and bad).
- Broadcast The number of broadcast packets sent and received (good and bad).
- **Pause** A count of the MAC Control frames sent or received on a switch port that have an operation code indicating a PAUSE operation.
- Receive Error Counters
  - **Rx Undersize –** Total number of frames received that were less than 64 octets long excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets.
  - **Rx Oversize –** Total number of frames received that were longer than the configured maximum frame size for the particular switch port excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets.
  - **Rx Fragments** Total number of frames received that were less than 64 octets in size excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets and had either an FCS or alignment error.

Continues on next page



## Advanced Port Statistics, Continued

- **Rx Jabber –** Total number of received frames that were longer than the configured maximum frame size for the particular switch port excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets, and had either an FCS or alignment error.
- **Rx Drops -** The number of ingress packets that were dropped not due to errors in those packets. This might be a result of a congested link and switch port buffer overload.
- **Rx CRC/Alignment –** The number of frames received with CRC or alignment errors.
- **Receive Size Counters –** The number of packets sent and received (good and bad) divided into categories based on packet frame sizes.
- **Receive/Transmit Queue Counters –** The number of packets sent and received divided into categories based on QoS output queue.



# 20 - Neighbors - MAC Address Table

See MAC addresses connected to ports on the switch and add static entries. Static entries are useful for:

- Speeding up recovery for critical devices after a reboot or power cycle (the switch is not required to poll the port for connected static MACs)
- Allowing virtual machines to be recognized on a port by MAC address

#### Figure 35. Neighbors MAC Address Table

PORTS         Index         Port         VID         MAC Address         Delete           SETTINGS SYSTEM PORTS PORTS POE         1         1         7         1	SYSTEM	Static N	AC Address				
Image: System         Image: S	PORTS	Index	Port	VID	1	MAC Address	Delete
SYSTEM         Constraint         Add           PORTS         POR         Image Net Constraint         Add           VLANS         Dynamic MAC Address         Image Net Constraint         I	SETTINGS		1	• 1	•	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	<u> </u>
POE         VLANS           UKN AGGREGATION         ACCESS MANAGEMENT           MAIN TENANCE         Index         Pot         VID         MAC Address           ILIK AGGREGATION         1         0.03.EA:0A:A4:10         2         7         1         34:02:86 BB:32:FD           PIG TEST         TRACE ROUTE         3         7         1         34:26:07:76:6A:62           FILE MANAGEMENT         4         7         1         6C:40:08:58:D8:EA           EST TR TO EVICE         5         7         1         74:00:28:5D:C6:C0           LOG OUT         6         7         1         80:02:1D:13:12:86           FNEGHBORS         8         7         1         80:3FE:7F:3C:82           NULTICAST         9         6         1         80:82:00:41:6F           9         6         1         80:82:00:41:6F           9         6         1         80:27:E6:FA:7E:97           10         3         1         04:6A:91:31:10:95           11         7         1         04:6A:91:31:10:95           12         7         1         04:6A:91:31:10:95           20         00         1         04:6A:91:32:38:56           20<	PORTS	L					Add
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT         Port         VID         MAC Address           ACCESS MANAGEMENT ACCESS MANAGEMENT ACCESS MANAGEMENT PING TEST TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT         1         34.02.86.BB.32 FD           3         7         1         34.02.86.BB.32 FD           3         7         1         34.02.86.BB.32 FD           4         7         1         34.02.86.BB.32 FD           4         7         1         34.02.86.BB.32 FD           5         7         1         34.02.86.BB.32 FD           6         7         1         6C.40.08.58.0B.EA           6         7         1         80.02.10.13.12.B6           7         7         1         80.02.10.13.12.B6           7         7         1         80.02.10.13.12.B6           7         7         1         80.02.10.13.12.B6           8         7         1         80.28.92.00.241.6F           9         6         1         80.28.92.00.241.6F           9         6         1         80.28.92.00.241.6F           9         6         1         80.27.EB.FA.7E.97           10         3.0         1         0.46.491.31.10.96 <t< td=""><td>POE</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	POE						
Inix AGGREGATION         Index         Port         VID         MAC Address           ACCESS MANAGEMENT         1         4         1         0:03:E4:0A:A4:10           MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE         2         7         1         34:02:86:BB:32:FD           1         4         7         1         34:02:86:BB:32:FD           1         3         4:E6:D7:76:6A:62           3         7         1         34:E6:D7:76:6A:62           4         7         1         6:C4:008:58:D8:EA           6:00 UT         4         7         1         74:D0:2B:5D:C6:C0           6:00 UT         7         1         80:D2:1D:13:12:B6           7         7         1         80:D2:1D:13:12:B6           7         7         1         80:B2:3D:04:16F           7         7         1         80:E8:92:0D:41:6F           1         7         1         80:E8:92:0D:41:6F           1         7         1         80:E8:92:0D:41:6F           1         7         1         80:E8:92:0D:41:6F           1         7         1         9:E8:49:191:12:1E:6A           1         7         1         0:E6:49:131:10:95	VLANS	Dynami	c MAC Address				
ACCESS MANAGEMENT       1       00:03:EA:0A:A4:10         MAINTENANCE       2       7       1       34:02:86:BB:32:FD         PING TEST       3       7       1       34:E6:D7:76:6A:62         ILE MANAGEMENT       4       7       1       6C:40:08:58:D8:EA         RESTART DEVICE       4       7       1       6C:40:08:58:D8:EA         LOG OUT       5       7       1       6C:40:08:58:D8:EA         ADVANCED       6       7       1       80:D2:1D:13:12:E6         PORT STATISTICS       6       7       1       80:3FE:7F:3C:82         NAC ADDRESS TABLE       8       7       1       80:28:92:0D:41:6F         NULTCAST       9       6       1       88:27:EB:FA:7E:97         NULTCAST       10       3       1       D4:6A:91:31:10:95         NULTANS       11       7       1       D4:6A:91:31:10:95         SECURITY       13       1       1       D4:6A:91:32:28:56         QOS       ACL       7       1       D4:6A:91:32:EC:6A	LINK AGGREGATION	Index	Port	VID		MAC Address	
MAIN TENANCE         2         7         1         34:02:86:BB:32:FD           PING TEST         TRACE ROUTE         3         7         1         34:02:86:BB:32:FD           ITRACE ROUTE         3         7         1         34:02:86:BB:32:FD           ILE MANAGEMENT         RESTART DEVICE         4         7         1         6C:40:08:58:D8:EA           LOG OUT         5         7         1         6C:40:08:58:D8:EA           S ADVANCED         6         7         1         80:D2:1D:13:12:B6           PORT STATISTICS         6         7         1         80:02:1D:13:12:B6           N HIGHBORS         7         1         80:83:FE:7F:3C:82         7           N MAC ADDRESS TABLE         8         7         1         80:83:FE:7F:3C:82           N MAC ADDRESS TABLE         8         7         1         80:83:FE:7F:97           MULTICAST         9         6         1         B8:27:EB:FA:TE:97           VLANS         SECURITY         1         04:6A:91:31:10:95           SECURITY         1         04:6A:91:31:10:96           NON         13         1         04:6A:91:32:38:56           ACL         7         1         04:6A:91:32:2E:G	ACCESS MANAGEMENT	1	4	1	1	00:03:EA:0A:A4:10	
3       7       1       34:E6:D7:76:6A:62         ILE MANAGEMENT       4       7       1       6C:40:08:58:D8:EA         RESTART DEVICE       5       7       1       74:D0:28:5D:06:C0         LOG OUT       6       7       1       80:D2:1D:13:12:B6         PORT STATISTICS       6       7       1       80:83:FE:7F:3C:82         NACA ADDRESS TABLE       8       7       1       80:29:20:41:6F         LLDP       6       1       80:27:EB:FA:TE:97         MULTICAST       9       6       1       80:27:EB:FA:TE:97         VLANS       1       04:6A:91:31:10:95       1         SECURITY       1       04:6A:91:31:10:95       1         RMON       13       1       04:6A:91:32:38:56         QOS       14       7       1       04:6A:91:32:28:56		2	7	1		34:02:86:BB:32:FD	
FILE MANAGEMENT         RESTART DEVICE         LOG OUT         5       7         1       74:D0:28:5D:06:C0         6       7         6       7         7       1         80:D2:1D:13:12:B6         7       7         7       7         8       7         9       6         1       B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F         9       6         1       B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F         9       6         1       B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F         9       6         1       B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F         9       6         1       D4:6A:91:12:1E:6A         9       6         11       7         11       7         12       7         13       1         14       7         14       7	TRACE ROUTE	3	7	1		34:E6:D7:76:6A:62	
Security         5         7         1         74:D0:2B:5D:06:C0           COOS         6         7         1         80:D2:1D:13:12:B6           FADVANCED         6         7         1         B0:83:FE:7F:3C:82           PORT STATISTICS         8         7         1         B0:83:FE:7F:3C:82           NACA ADDRESS TABLE         8         7         1         B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F           Port STATISTICS         8         7         1         B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F           9         6         1         B8:27:EB:FA:7E:97           10         3         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:95           VLANS         11         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:95           SECURITY         13         1         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:96           QOS         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:2B:56	FILE MANAGEMENT	4	7	1	3	6C:40:08:58:D8:EA	
LOG OUT         6         7         1         80:D2:1D:13:12:B6           PORT STATISTICS         7         7         1         B0:83:FE:7F:3C:82           * NEIGHBORS         8         7         1         B0:83:FE:7F:3C:82           * NEIGHBORS         8         7         1         B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F           * NULTICAST         9         6         1         B8:27:EB:FA:7E:97           • NULTICAST         10         3         1         D4:6A:91:12:1E:6A           • VLANS         11         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:95           • SECURITY         12         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:96           • QOS         13         1         1         D4:6A:91:32:3B:56           • ACL         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:2E:C:6A	RESTART DEVICE	5	7	1		74:D0:2B:5D:C6:C0	
Bit ApyAnceo         Image: Stress of the stress of th	LOGOUT	6	7	1	3	80·D2·1D·13·12·B6	
Image: Point statistics       Image: Point statistics       Image: Point statistics         Image: Neighbors       Neighbors       Image: Point statistics         Image: Neighbors       Image: Point statistics       Image: Point sta		7	7	1		P0:92:EE:7E:20:92	
MAC ADDRESS TABLE LLDP         8         7         1         B0:E9:92:00:41:6F           9         6         1         B8:27:EB:FA:7E:97           MULTICAST         9         6         1         D4:6A:91:12:1E:6A           0         3         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:95           VLANS         12         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:96           P RMON         13         1         D4:6A:91:32:3B:56           QOS         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:2B:56	NEIGHBORS	/	-	1		BU.03.FE.7F.3C.02	
LLDP         9         6         1         B8:27:EB:FA:7E:97           MULTICAST         10         3         1         D4:6A:91:12:1E:6A           > STP         11         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:95           > VLANS         12         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:96           > RMON         13         1         D4:6A:91:32:3B:56           > QOS         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:2C:6A	MAC ADDRESS TABLE	8	7	1		B0:E8:92:0D:41:6F	
MULTICAST         10         3         1         D4:6A:91:12:1E:6A           > STP         11         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:95           > VLANS         12         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:96           > RMON         13         1         D4:6A:91:32:3B:56           > ACL         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:EC:6A	LLDP	9	6	1	3	B8:27:EB:FA:7E:97	
STP         11         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:95           > VLANS         12         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:96           > RMON         13         1         D4:6A:91:32:3B:56           > QOS         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:2C:6A	▶ MULTICAST	10	3	1	1	D4:6A:91:12:1E:6A	
VEARS         12         7         1         D4:6A:91:31:10:96           > RMON         13         1         1         D4:6A:91:32:3B:56           > QOS         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:EC:6A	▷ STP	11	7	1		D4:6A:91:31:10:95	
RMON         13         1         1         D4:6A:91:32:3B:56           QOS         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:EC:6A	D SECURITY	12	7	1	1	D4:6A:91:31:10:96	
> QOS         14         7         1         D4:6A:91:32:EC:6A	D RMON	13	1	1		D4:6A:91:32:3B:56	
P ACL	D QOS	14	7	1	10	D4-64-91-32-EC-64	
	ACL	14	117		1	04.0A.01.02.E0.0A	

### Static and Dynamic MAC Address

- Index Identifier number for the MAC entry.
- **Port -** Physical port or trunk on the switch.
- VID The VLAN ID associated with the entry.
- MAC Address Physical address associated with this interface.
- Port Members The ports associated with this entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.



# 21 - Neighbors - LLDP

Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) is used to discover basic information about other devices in the same broadcast domain (i.e. VLAN). Advertised information is defined in the IEEE 802.1AB standard, and can include device details such as their identity (eg. make/model), capabilities (eg. routing/switching), and configuration settings.

### **Information Table**

Araknis switch parameters shared using LLDP.

<i>araknis</i>			CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-02-29 19:57:22	System Uptime: 0d 09:38:42
STATUS SYSTEM	Information				
PORTS	Chassis ID Subtype	MAC Address			
SYSTEM	Chassis ID	D4:6A:91:32:F0:6E			
PORTS	System Name	AN-310-SW-8-POE			
VLANS	System Description	Araknis 310 8 Port PoE			
LINK AGGREGATION	Capabilities Supported	Bridge			
ACCESSMANAGEMENT	Capabilities Enabled	Bridge	)		
PING TEST	Port ID Subtype	Local			

- Chassis ID Subtype Method used for device identification.
- Chassis ID MAC Address of the switch.
- System Name System name of the switch (configured in the System Settings menu).
- System Description System make and model.
- Capabilities Supported Displays the capabilities of the switch; bridge only.
- Capabilities Enabled Displays the currently enabled capabilities of the switch; bridge only.
- Port ID Subtype Identifier subtype for the switch. Always displays Local.



# Settings

Customize settings for LLDP transmission.

Figure 37.	LLDP Settings
------------	---------------

	Settings	Settings							
▲ NEIGHBORS	State	Enabled Disab	led						
MAC ADDRESS TABLE	Transmission Interval(s)	30	(5-32767)						
<ul> <li>LLDP</li> <li>MULTICAST</li> </ul>	Holdtime Multiplier	4	(2-10)						
D STP	Reinitialization Delay(s)	2	(1-10)						
D VLANS D SECURITY	Transmit Delay(s)	2	(1-8192)						
- BHON									

- State- Select whether LLDP is enabled or disabled.
- **Transmission Interval(s)** How often LLDP information is transmitted. Range: 5-32767 seconds. *Default: 30 seconds*
- Holdtime Multiplier Multiplied by the transmission interval value to generate the TTL time transmitted to neighbors. Range: 2-10. Default: 4
- **Reinitialization Delay(s)** Amount of time to wait before initializing LLDP on a port. Range: 1-10 seconds. *Default: 2*
- Transmit Delay(s) Minimum amount of time to wait before sending updated LLDP information after a configuration change. Range: 1-8192 seconds. Default: 2

## **Remote Device Table**

This table displays LLDP information shared by connected equipment with LLDP features.





- **Port -** Connected port for the device on the switch.
- Chassis ID Subtype Type of information used for subtype. Typically MAC address.
- Chassis ID Port ID Subtype Identification value. Typically MAC address.
- **Remote IDSystem Name -** Displays the configured system name of the connected device.
- Time To Live TTL value for the received LLDP information.
- Auto-Negotiation Supported/Enabled/Advertised Capabilities Interface auto-negotiation capabilities of the connected port.
- Operational MAU Type Current Medium Attachment Unit type of the connected port.
- 802.3 Maximum Frame Size Maximum support Energy Efficient Ethernet frame size of the connected port.
- 802.3 Link Aggregation Capability/Status/Port ID Link aggregation parameters of the connected port.



# 22 - Multicast - IGMP Snooping

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) can be used to filter multicast traffic on the switch. IGMP Snooping passively monitors exchanges between connected clients and an IGMP-enabled multicast server to discover and connect clients that want to join a multicast group.

Use the IGMP Snooping page to display IGMP snooping statistics and port status, configure global and port specific IGMP settings, and information on source-specific groups.

### Settings

Configure global settings for IGMP Snooping.



SYSTEM	Settings	Settings						
PORTS	Status	Enabled • Disabled						
SYSTEM	Version	●V2 ○V3						
PORTS	Report Suppression	Enabled Disabled						
POE								

- **Status** Enable or disable IGMP Snooping. When enabled, the switch monitors network traffic passing through it to determine which connected clients want to receive multicast traffic. *Default: Disabled*
- Version Select IGMPv2 or v3.
- Report Repression Enable to prevent the router from seeing the IGMP messaging that occurs at the client level. This alleviates load on the router, because the switch acts as a proxy for client level messages (like leave requests).

Default: Enabled

### **VLAN Settings**

Configure IGMP Snooping settings for individual VLANs.

Figure 40.	IGMP	Snooping	VLAN	Settings
------------	------	----------	------	----------

LINK AGGREGATION	VLAN Settings				
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	VLAN ID	IGMP Snooping Status		Fast Leave	
MAIN TENANCE PING TEST	1	Disabled	*	Disabled	*

- VLAN ID VLAN identifier.
- **IGMP Snooping Status -** Enable or disable IGMP Snooping for the VLAN.
- Fast Leave Enable to allow subscribed multicast clients to leave without a response message.

## **Querier Settings**

IGMP Query can be used to ask connected clients if they want to receive a specific multicast service. Then the ports containing clients requesting to join the service are identified, and multicast data is sent to only those ports. It then broadcasts the service request to any neighboring multicast switch to ensure that it will continue to receive the multicast service from a server connected to that switch.

#### Figure 41. IGMP Snooping Querier Settings

FILE MANAGEMENT	Querier	Settings	//									,		
RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED PORT STATISTICS	VLAN ID	Querier State	Querier Version	Querier Status	Querier IP	Robustness	Interval	Oper Interval	Max Response Interval	Oper Max Response Interval	Last Member Query Counter	Oper Last Member Query Counter	Last Member Query Interval	Oper Last Member Query Interval
<ul> <li>NEIGHBORS</li> <li>MULTICAST</li> </ul>	1	Disat •	v2 •	Non- Querier		2	125	125	10	10	2	2	1	1

- VLAN ID VLAN identifier.
- Querier State Enable to make the switch the querier for the VLAN. Typically used when there is no multicast router acting as the querier. Default: Disabled
- Querier Version Select IGMPv2 or v3 IGMP Snooping support (regardless of what clients support).
- **Querier Status -** Displays whether the switch is currently acting as the querier for the VLAN.
- Querier IP IP address of the switch acting as querier for the VLAN.
- Robustness Variable for resending querier messages. A higher value means that packets will be resent more often, useful for congested networks. Default: 2
- Interval How often the switch sends IGMP host querier messages. *Default: 125 seconds*
- **Oper Interval -** Current reported IGMP host querier message interval.
- Max Response Interval Maximum response time advertised in IGMP queries. This value must be lower than the query interval. Default: 10 seconds
- Oper Max Response Interval Current reported maximum response time.
- Last Member Query Counter Number of times the switch sends an IGMP query, separated by the last member query response interval, in response to a host leave message from the last known active host on the subnet. It is recommended to leave this setting at 2 in order to avoid multicast issues. *Default: 2*
- Oper Last Member Query Counter Current reported Last Member Query Counter value.
- Last Member Query Interval Time to wait after receiving a host leave message from the last known active host on the subnet. If no reports are received in the interval, the group state is deleted. Use this value to tune how quickly the software stops transmitting on the subnet. Default: 1 second
- Oper Last Member Query Interval Current reported Last Member Query Interval.



# Group List

See current group subscriptions by VLAN.

Figure	42.	IGMP	Snooping	Group	List	Settings
i iguic	- <b>-</b>	101 11	Shooping	oroup	LIJU	Sectings

MLD SNOOPING	Group List			
D STP	VLAN ID	Group IP Address	Member Ports	
GLOBAL SETTINGS	M.			

- VLAN ID VLAN identifier.
- Group IP Address IP address for the multicast.
- Member Ports Switch ports that are part of the group.

### **Router Settings**

Configure IGMP router ports on the switch.

Figure 43. IGMP Snooping Router Settings

MST SETTINGS	Router S	Settings			
Þ VLANS	VLAN ID	Router Ports Auto- Learned	Dynamic Port List	Static Port List	Forbidden Port List
SECURITY RMON	1	Enabled •			

- VLAN ID VLAN identifier.
- Router Ports Auto-Learned Enable to allow auto learning of router port use. Default: Enabled
- Dynamic Port List Lists auto-learned ports if Router Ports Auto-Learned is enabled.
- Static Port List Manually select ports that are connected to the multicast querier.
- Forbidden Port List Manually select ports to be excluded from joining multicast groups on that VLAN.

### **URC** Settings

Use this menu to configure multicasting devices for URC brand control systems. This feature was developed by Araknis to ease setup for these systems.

Figure 44. IGMP Snooping URC Settings

SNWP	1100.0		1.00
CD	URC State	Member Ports	VLAN
GF			
DG .	Disabled	v 1	

- Group Enable or disable URC settings.
- Member Ports Select which ports on the switch should connect to the URC multicast.
- VLAN Select the VLAN the URC devices are on.



# 23 - Multicast - MLD Snooping

Configure settings for Multicast Listener Discovery. MLD is used by IPv6 multicast routers to detect multicast listeners.

## Settings

Configure global settings for MLD Snooping.

Figure 45. MLD Snooping Menu

araknis		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-02-29 20:03:29	System Uptime: 0d 09:44:4
🖉 STATUS	MLD SNOOPING			
SYSTEM PORTS	Settings Status	Enabled Di	sabled	
BETTINGS SYSTEM	Version	● v1 ○ v2		
PORTS	Report Suppression	Enabled     Di	sabled	

- **Status** Enable or disable IGMP Snooping. When enabled, the switch monitors network traffic passing through it to determine which connected clients want to receive multicast traffic. *Default: Disabled*
- Version Select MLDv1 or v2.
- Report Repression Enable to prevent the router from seeing the IGMP messaging that occurs at the client level. This alleviates load on the router, because the switch acts as a proxy for client level messages (like leave requests).
   Default: Enabled

### **VLAN Settings**

Configure MLD Snooping settings for individual VLANs.

Figure 46. MLD Snooping VLAN Settings

LINK AGGREGATION	VLAN Setting	s			
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	VLAN ID	MLD Snooping Status		Fast Leave	
	1	Disabled	•	Disabled	Ŧ

- VLAN ID VLAN identifier.
- IGMP Snooping Status Enable or disable MLD Snooping for the VLAN.
- Fast Leave Enable to allow subscribed multicast clients to leave without a response message.

### **Group List**

See current group subscriptions by VLAN.

Figure 47.	MLD Snooping Group List
------------	-------------------------

FILE MANAGEMENT	Group List			
RESTART DEVICE	VLAN ID	IPv6 Address	Member Ports	
LOG OUT		2.1		

- VLAN ID VLAN identifier.
- IPv6 Address IP address for the multicast.
- Member Ports Switch ports that are part of the group.



# **Router Settings**

Configure MLD router ports on the switch.





- VLAN ID VLAN identifier.
- Router Ports Auto-Learned Enable to allow auto learning of router port use. Default: Enabled
- Dynamic Port List Lists auto-learned ports if Router Ports Auto-Learned is enabled.
- Static Port List Manually select ports that are connected to the multicast querier.
- Forbidden Port List Manually select ports to be excluded from joining multicast groups on that VLAN.



# 24 - STP - Overview

The Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is a Layer 2 protocol primarily used to detect and eliminate network loops on redundant connections. Proper STP configuration ensures that only one route exists between any two end devices, with backup routes automatically taking over if a primary route goes down.

## **STP - Global Settings**

Use this page to enable STP, select which protocol is used, and configure settings for the switch used to elect the root bridge device.



araknis		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-04-28 11:26:28	System Uptime: 9d 11:25:48
STATUS	GLOBAL SETTINGS			
SYSIEM	Settings			
PORTS	STP State	Enabled Disabled		
SYSTEM	Force Version	MSTP v		
PORTS	Configuration Name	D4:6A:91:32:F0:6E	(char : 0 ~ 32)	
POE			(0.65525)	
VLANS	Configuration Revision	0	(0-05555)	
LINK AGGREGATION				

#### Settings

- STP State Select whether Spanning Tree Protocol is Enabled or Disabled.
- Force Version Select the spanning tree protocol to enforce:
  - **STP** Spanning Tree Protocol (IEEE 802.1D). Uses a distributed algorithm to select a switch to serve as the root of the spanning tree network. It selects a root port on each switch (except for the root device), which has the lowest path cost forwarding a packet to the root device. All ports connected to designated bridging devices are assigned as designated ports. After determining the lowest cost path, STP enables all root ports and designated ports, and disables all other ports to prevent loops. Network packets are then only forwarded between root ports and designated ports.

Once the network is stable, all switches listen for Hello BPDUs (Bridge Protocol Data Units) sent by the Root Bridge. If a switch does not get a Hello BPDU after a certain period (Maximum Age), the switch assumes that the link to the Root Bridge is down. Then, the switch initiates negotiations with other switches in the network to recalculate the Spanning Tree Algorithm, determine the new root bridge device, and make the network stable again.

- RSTP Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (IEEE 802.1w). Enhancement to legacy STP. RSTP is also included in MSTP. RSTP performs faster reconfiguration when topology change is detected (1 to 3 seconds for RSTP, compared to 30 seconds or more for STP). RSTP only supports one spanning tree instance on any link in a network. We recommend using RSTP over STP as long as the network equipment supports it.
- MSTP Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (IEEE 802.1s). Designed to maintain multiple spanning trees instances based on VLANs in the network. One or more VLANs can be grouped into a Multiple Spanning Tree Instance (MSTI). Use this mode when there multiple spanning tree regions with their own regional root bridge devices.
- **Configuration Name –** (MSTP mode only) Name the MSTP configuration. *Default: MAC address of the switch*
- **Configuration Revision –** (MSTP mode only) Set a configuration revision for MSTP. The revision number must be the same for switches in the same region. Use a different revision for each region.



#### **Root Bridge Information**

Displays the STP parameters of the current elected root bridge device for the entire spanning tree.

Figure 50. Global STP Root Bridge Information

VLANS	Root Bridge Information							
LINK AGGREGATION	Root Address	74:D0:2B:5D:C6:C0						
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	Priority	32768						
PING TEST	Cost	20000						
TRACE ROUTE	Port	7						
	Forward Delay	0 (sec)						
LOG OUT	Maximum Age	20 (sec)						
ADVANCED	Hello Time	2 (sec)						

- Root Address MAC address of the root bridge.
- **Priority** Displays the value used to prioritize what switch is elected as the root bridge device. Smaller values indicate higher priority; larger values, lower priority. If all switches are left to default priority, the bridge device with the lowest numbered MAC address will be elected.
- **Cost** Displays shortest path to the root bridge device.
- **Port -** Switch port linking to the root bridge device.
- Forward Delay Amount of seconds before the root bridge port builds its bridge table after the Max Age limit has passed.
- Maximum Age Amount of seconds after receiving a BPDU before the root bridge port returns to the listening state.
- Hello Time Amount of seconds between BPDUs sent by the root bridge.



### **Basic Setting**

Configure root bridge settings for the switch. This information will be used to decide if the switch should be the root bridge device.

Figure 51.	Global	STP	Basic	Settings
------------	--------	-----	-------	----------

▶ MULTICAST	Basic Setting							
▲ STP	Bridge Address	D4:6A:91:32:F0:6E						
<ul> <li>GLOBAL SETTINGS</li> <li>CIST SETTINGS</li> </ul>	Priority	32768 v (4096*N)						
MST SETTINGS	Maximum Hop	20 (1-40)						
VLANS SECURITY	Forward Delay	(4-30)						
D RMON	Maximum Age	20 (6-40)						
D QOS	TX Hold Count	6 (1-10)						
▷ SNMP	Hello Time	2 (1-10)						

- Bridge Address MAC address of the switch.
- Priority Select the value used to prioritize whether the switch is elected as the root bridge. Smaller values indicate higher priority; larger values, lower priority. If all switches are left to default priority, the bridge device with the lowest numbered MAC address will be elected. If you want a particular switch to be guaranteed as the root bridge device, set its Priority value lower than other switches. Range: 0-61440 (multiples of 4096)
  - Default: 32768
- Maximum Hop Maximum number of link hops a BPDU will travel from the root bridge, as long as the maximum age of the BPDU has not passed. Range: 1-40 Default: 20
- Forward Delay Amount of seconds before the root bridge port rebuilds its bridge table after the Max Age limit has passed. Range: 4-30 seconds Default: 15 seconds
- Maximum Age Amount of seconds after receiving a BPDU before the root bridge port returns to the listening state. Range: 6-40 seconds
   Default: 20 seconds
- **TX Hold Count -** Limit for the number of BPDUs can be sent during a Hello Time period. Range: 1-10 *Default:* 6
- Hello Time Amount of seconds between BPDUs sent by the root bridge. Range: 1-10 seconds Default: 2 seconds



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# 25 - STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) Overview

Spanning Tree Protocol is used to prevent loops in networks where packets might have multiple possible routes. Backup routes between equipment can also be maintained and used only when the primary fails. The switch supports IEEE 802.1d STP, 802.1s RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol), and 802.1w MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol).

## **STP - CIST Settings**

Use this menu to view and customize port-based Common and Internal Spanning Tree (CIST) settings.

### **Port Settings**

NETWORKS			1										
STATUS SYSTEM	Port Set	tings			1								
SETTINGS SYSTEM	Port	Priority	Path Cost Conf / Oper	Designated Root Bridge	External Root Cost	Regional Root Bridge	Internal Root Cost	Designated Bridge	Edge Port Conf / Oper	P2P MAC Conf / Oper	Port Role	Port State	Migration Start
PORTS POE	1	128 •	0/20000	32768 / 0 / 74:D0:2B:5D:C6:C0	20000	32768 / 0 / D4:6A:91:32:F0:6E	0	32768 / 0 / D4:6A:91:32:F0:6E	Yes V /Yes	Auto • /Yes	Designated	Forwarding	
VLANS	2	128	0	0/0/	0	0/0/	0	0/0/	Yes 🔻	Auto 🔻	Disabled	Disabled	

- Port Switch port identifier.
- **Priority** Set CIST priority for each port on the switch. Smaller values indicate higher priority; larger values, lower priority. If all ports have the same path cost, this value will be used to determine the best path to the root bridge. Range: 0-240 (multiples of 16) *Default: 128*
- Path Cost Conf / Oper (Configured/Operating) Enter a value larger than zero to modify the path cost. The currently calculated (Oper) path cost is displayed below. If the entered value is zero, the Oper path cost is based on the port speed, which in this case is 1 Gbps.
- **Designated Root Bridge –** Displays the designated root bridge device's priority, forward delay, and MAC address.
- External Root Cost Displays the cost to reach the root bridge across links connecting the boundary ports outside the MSTP region. When a BPDU is received on an internal port, this cost is not changed. When a BPDU is received on a boundary port, this cost is adjusted based on the receiving boundary port cost.
- **Regional Root Bridge –** Displays the regional root bridge device's priority, forward delay, and MAC address.
- Internal Root Cost Displays the cost to reach the regional root bridge inside the MSTP region. When a BPDU is received on an internal port, this cost is adjusted based on the receiving boundary port cost. This information is not shared or counted outside the region.
- Designated Bridge Displays the designated bridge device's priority, forward delay, and MAC address.
- Edge Port Conf / Oper (Configured/Operating) Configure a switch port as an edge port for a region and see the current edge status of the port.

Continues on the next page



## STP CIST Settings, Continued

- P2P MAC Conf / Oper (Configured/Operating) Options:
  - Auto (default) Allow P2P ports into full duplex mode.
  - Yes Force P2P ports into full duplex mode.
  - No No P2P status.
- **Port Role -** Displays what role the port is currently playing. Options:
  - Disabled Port is not in use.
  - **Root -** The port with the lowest cost that links the switch to the root bridge device.
  - Non-Designated (STP only) Port is blocking and not listening.
  - Alternate (RSTP) Port links between bridges but is not the designated port, so it is not used unless the designated port loses connection.
  - **Designated -** Port is designated as the elected link between bridges in the spanning tree.
- **Port State -** Displays what state the port is currently in. Options:
  - Disabled Port is not in use.
  - **Blocking** Port is not forwarding frames or reading MAC addresses because it would cause a loop, but is listening for BPDUs. This state is reached once a different port is designated.
  - Listening A designated or root port moves into this state if it stops blocking due to a change in the spanning tree. BPDUs are received from the connected segment and analyzed to determine the ideal topology. No other frames are forwarded while a port is in this state.
  - Learning Once the listening process is complete, the port begins updated the MAC address table and gets ready to start forwarding frames as normal.
  - Forwarding The port is an active link in the spanning tree forwarding frames as normal.
- **Migration Start –** (RSTP Mode only) Click the box and click Apply to force the port to use the newest configuration.



### STP - MST Settings

Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) is used to map multiple VLANs to one spanning tree topology. Since there are rarely as many unique topologies as there are VLANs in a network, using MST saves switch CPU power by reducing the number of spanning tree instances required to handle all VLANs on the device. Each MST instance acts as its own RSTP node within the network's CIST.

#### **Instance Settings**

Select which VLANs will be included in each MSTI.

Figure 53	STP MST	Instance	Settinas	Menu
Figure 55.	318 1931	instance	Settings	Menu

<b>araknis</b>	MST SET	TTINGS			CLOUD SERVER: Connected	System Time: 201	6-03-02 09:08:06	③ System Uptim	e: 1d 22:49:29
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	Instance	Settings	Priority	_	Regional Poot Bridge	Internal Root Cost	Designated Brid	Root P	ort
	1	1-4094	32768	•	/	0	-/		on
SYSTEM PORTS	2	1-4094	32768	•		0	/	-	
POE	3	1-4094	32768	•	-/	0		-	
LINK AGGREGATION	4	1-4094	32768	•	/	0	/	-	

- MST ID MST instance identifier.
- VLAN List Enter the VLAN IDs to be associated with the topology. Enter individual or ranges of values, for example: "20, 30-32" entered would associate VLANs 20, 30, 31, and 32.
- **Priority** Value used to prioritize what MST ID is elected as the path back to the root bridge device. If all switches are left to default priority, the root bridge with the lowest numbered MAC address will be elected. Smaller values indicate higher priority; larger values, lower priority. Range: 0-61440 (multiples of 4096)

Default: 32768

- **Regional Root Bridge -** Displays the MAC address and priority for the regional root bridge.
- Internal Root Cost Displays the cost to reach the regional root bridge inside the MSTP region. When a BPDU is received on an internal port, this cost is adjusted based on the receiving boundary port cost. This information is not shared or counted outside the region.
- **Designated Bridge -** Displays the MAC address and priority for the current designated bridge.
- **Root Port -** Switch port connecting the switch to that MST's root bridge device.



#### Port Settings

Configure MSTP settings for each port.



D SNMP	MST ID	Port	Priority	Internal Path Cost Conf / Oper	Regional Root Bridge	Internal Root Cost	Designated Bridge	Port Role	Port State
LACP	1	v 1	128 •	/20000	-/	-	/	-	-
Search	1	• 2	128 •	0 /20000	/	-	/		-
	1	<b>v</b> 3	128 •	/20000	/		/		-
	1	• 4	128 •	0 /200000	/	-	/		-
	1	▼ 5	128 •	0	/	-	/		-

- MST ID Select the MST ID to configure.
- **Port -** Switch port being configured.
- Priority Value used to prioritize the port. If all ports are left to default priority, then priority is elected based on link speed of the port. Smaller values indicate higher priority; larger values, lower priority. Range: 0-240 (multiples of 16)
   Default: 128
- Internal Path Cost Conf / Oper (Configured/Operating) Set the configured internal path cost and see the current operational internal path cost.
- **Regional Root Bridge -** Displays the MAC address and priority for the regional root bridge.
- Internal Root Cost Displays the cost to reach the regional root bridge inside the MSTP region. When a BPDU is received on an internal port, this cost is adjusted based on the receiving boundary port cost. This information is not shared or counted outside the region.
- Designated Bridge Displays the MAC address and priority for the designated bridge.
- **Port Role -** Displays what role the port is currently playing. Options:
  - **Root -** The port links the switch to the root bridge device.
  - **Designated -** Ports in use within the MSTP region.
  - **Disabled -** Port is not in use.
- Port State Displays what state the port is currently in. Options:
  - Root The port links the switch to the root bridge device.
  - **Disabled -** Port is not in use.



# 26 - Advanced VLANs - Overview

The advanced VLAN pages contain settings for customizing VLANs beyond basic port-based settings.

#### Advanced VLANs - 802.1Q VLANs

#### VLAN Settings

Manually configure VLAN tagging for each port.

Figure	55.	802.1Q	VLAN	Settings	Menu
--------	-----	--------	------	----------	------

<b>araknis</b>	802.1Q		CLOUD SERVER: Connecte	d <b>O System Time:</b> 2016-03-02 09:17:12	System Uptime: 1d 22:58:30
STATUS SYSTEM	VLAN S	ettings			
PORTS	VID	Name	Tagged Port	Untagged Port	Delete
BETTINGS SYSTEM	1	default		1-8,SFP1-SFP2,LAG1-LAG8	
PORTS					Add

- VID VLAN ID.
- Name Use this field to enter a custom VLAN name for easy identification.
- **Tagged Port –** Tagged ports and LAGs for the VLAN. Click the field to configure.
- Untagged Port Untagged ports and LAGs for the VLAN. Click the field to configure. Default: All ports untagged
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete a VLAN entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

#### **PVID Settings**

Use Port VLAN ID to configure tagging on packets coming to a port.



VLANS	Port	PVID	Accept Type		Ingress Filtering
ACCESSMANAGEMENT	1	1	Untagged Only		Enabled •
MAIN TENANCE	2	1	Untagged Only	•	Enabled •
TRACE ROUTE	3	1	Untagged Only	*	Enabled •

- Port Switch port identifier.
- **PVID -** Enter the VLAN ID(s) to be associated with the port.
- Accept Type Select which packets are tagged with the PVID. Options:
  - Untagged Only Only untagged packets are tagged.
  - Tagged Only Only tagged packets are stripped and retagged.
  - ALL All packets are tagged/stripped and retagged.
- Ingress Filtering Enable or disable.



## Advanced VLANs - Private VLANs

Private VLANs provide port-based security and isolation between ports within the assigned VLAN. Traffic on ports assigned to a private VLAN can only be forwarded to and from uplink ports.

■ Note - The Private VLANs feature is only found in 310 series switches.

#### Figure 57. Private VLANs Menu

araknis		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-03-02 09:17:47	System Uptime: 1d 22:59:
	PRIVATE VLANS	Private		
PORTS	1			
	2	•		
SYSTEM	3			
PORTS	4	•		
VLANS	5			
LINK AGGREGATION	6			
ACCESSMANAGEMENT	7			
MAIN TENANCE PING TEST	8			
TRACE BOUTE	1000000	The second se		

- Port Switch port identifier.
- **Private –** Check the box to set a port to private status. *Default: Not checked*



#### Advanced VLANs – Voice VLANs

Cofigure VLANs for VOIP phone systems with built-in VLAN tagging abilities. The interface includes presets for quickly configuring many popular brands. The switch will examine tagged packets from phones and place them in the correct VLAN automatically. QoS prioritization can also be applied to help ensure audio quality on VoIP calls.

#### **General Settings**

Note - In order to configure a new voice VLAN, you must first create a new VLAN. The default VLAN cannot be used. See:

- Section "14 VLAN Settings (Basic Port-Based)" on page 33, or
- Section "Advanced VLANs 802.1Q VLANs" on page 63

#### Figure 58. Voice VLANs Settings

araknis		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-03-02 09:18:30	System Uptime: 1d 22:59:
STATUS SYSTEM	Settings			
	Voice VLAN State	Enabled • Disabled	ed	
SYSTEM	Voice VLAN ID	None *		
POE	802.1p Remark	Disabled		
	Remark CoS/802.1p	6 *		
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	Aging Time	1440 (30~65535)mi	n	

- Voice VLAN State Click to enable or disable the Voice VLAN feature. Default: Disabled
- Voice VLAN ID Select an existing VLAN ID for use as a Voice VLAN.
- **802.1p Remark –** Enable or disable 802.1p Remarks in packets to prioritize voice packets. *Default: Disabled*
- Remark CoS/802.1p Select what priority level to give voice packets if remarking is enabled. Higher values receive higher priority. Range: 0-7
   Default: 6
- Aging Time Range: 30~65535 minutes Default: 1440 minutes



### **OUI Settings**

The Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI) is the first half of a device MAC address, and is unique for every phone manufacturer. The OUI is used to automatically detect packets from the phone and send them to the Voice VLAN. The included values are very popular, and new values may be added.

PING TEST	OUI Set	tings		
FILE MANAGEMENT	Index	OUI Address	Description	Delet
RESTART DEVICE	1	00:E0:BB	3COM	ŵ
LOG OUT	2	00:03:6B	Cisco	<u></u>
	3	00:E0:75	Veritel	Û
NEIGHBORS	4	00:D0:1E	Pingtel	<u></u>
<b>MULTICAST</b>	5	00:01:E3	Siemens	<u> </u>
D STP	6	00:60:B9	NEC/Philips	<u></u>
802.1Q VLANS	7	00:0F:E2	НЗС	Û
PRIVATE VLANS	8	00:09:6E	Avaya	<u></u>
<ul> <li>VOICE VLANS</li> <li>SECURITY</li> </ul>				Add

Figure 59. Voice VLANS OUI Settings

- Index Identifier for the OUI.
- OUI Address Portion of the MAC address used to identify different brands of IP phones.
- **Description -** Phone system name.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

#### **Port Settings**

Configure port-based Voice VLAN settings.

Figure 60.	Voice	VLANS	Port	Settings
------------	-------	-------	------	----------

D RMON	Port Set	ttings			
▶ ACL	Port	State	CoS Mo	de	Operate Status
D SNMP	1	Disabled	Src	7	-
LACP	2	Disabled	Src	V	-
	3	Disabled •	Src	v	-
and the second state of the first state		C		,	

- Port Switch port identifier.
- State Enable or disable Voice VLAN tag examination on the port.
- CoS Mode Select the Class of Service (CoS) mode. Options:
  - Src Only packets from the source MAC address are given QoS prioritization on the Voice VLAN.
  - All All packets on the Voice VLAN are given QoS prioritization.
- **Operate Status -** Displays the current operating status of the Voice VLAN feature on the port.



# 27 - Security - Port Mirroring

Port mirroring is used to send a copy of packets received on one switch port to a network monitoring device/software on another switch port. This is commonly used for network appliances that require monitoring of network traffic. Network engineers or administrators use port mirroring to analyze and diagnose errors on a network.

#### Figure 61. Port Mirroring Page

araknis		NG		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-03-02 09:18:57	System Uptime: 1d 23
STATUS SYSTEM	Session ID	Enable	Destination Port	Source TX Port	Source RX Port	Ingress State
PORTS	1		1 v			Disabled <b>v</b>
SYSTEM	2		1 7			Disabled •
PORTS	3		1 v			Disabled •
VLANS	4		1 *			Disabled <b>v</b>

- Session ID Session identifier.
- Enable Check to enable a port mirroring session.
- Destination Port Port that packets will be mirrored to.
- Source TX Port Port that sent the original packets.
- Source RX Port Port originally receiving the packets.
- Ingress State Enable or disable.

# 28 - Security - 802.1x

802.1x allows port-based client authentication with the use of a RADIUS server.

### 802.1x Global Setting

Configure global 802.1x settings.



<b>a</b> raknis		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-03-02 09:19:36	() System Uptime: 1d 23:00:59
	802.1X			
	State	Enabled     Isabled		
SYSTEM	Guest VLAN	Disabled		
POE	Guest VLAN ID	None v		
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION				

- State Enable or disable the 802.1x feature.
- Guest VLAN Enable or disable guest VLAN use for 802.1x. If enabled, all authorized clients will be connected to the VLAN.
- GUEST VLAN ID Select a VLAN ID for use if Guest VLAN is Enabled.



## **Port Settings**

Configure 802.1x settings for each switch port.



ACCESS MANAGEMENT	Port Set	Port Settings							
MAIN TENANCE	Port	Mode	Reauthentication	Reauthentication period	Quiet Period	Supplicant Period	Max Retry	Authorized Status	Guest VLAN
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	1	Disabled •	Enabled •	3600	60	30	2	AUTH_INITIALIZE	Enabled •
FILE MANAGEMENT	2	Disabled v	Enabled v	3600	60	30			Enabled v

- **Port -** Switch port identifier.
- Mode Options:
  - **Disabled -** 802.1x is disabled through the port.
  - Auto Port allows only packets used for authentication and network discovery until the client is authenticated, then allows uninterrupted traffic.
  - ForceUnAuthorized The port will remain unauthorized state and ignore all attempts to authenticate a client.
  - ForceAuthorized The port always behaves as if an authenticated client is connected.
- **Reauthentication** Enable or disable reauthentication by the switch. If enabled, a client that failed to authenticate will not be allowed to try again until the next period based on the Period Setting. *Default: Enabled*
- **Reauthentication period –** Set the reauthentication period. *Default: 3600 seconds*
- Quiet Period Set the quiet period. Default: 60
- **Supplicant Period –** Set the Supplicant period. *Default: 30*
- Max Retry Set the Max Retry value. *Default: 2*
- Authorized Status Displays the current authorization status of the port.
- **Guest VLAN –** Enable or disable guest VLAN use for the port. Default: Enabled Default:



## **Authenticated Host**

See currently connected authenticated hosts connected using 802.1x.





- User Name Name of the user configured in the RADIUS server.
- **Port -** Switch port the user is authenticated on.
- Session Time Amount of time since the user was authenticated for the current session.
- Authenticate Method Method used to authenticate the user.
- MAC Address MAC address of the connected client port.

# 29 - Security - Radius Server

The Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) protocol provides central management for users connecting to use network services. Use this menu to configure settings for the server.

Figure 65.	Radius Se	rver Menu
------------	-----------	-----------

<b>araknis</b>	RADIU	IS SERVER		📥 CLOUD SE	RVER: Connected	System Time:	2016-03-02 09:20:07	7 🕒 System U	ptime: 1d 23:01:3
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	Index	Server IP x.x.x.x	Authorized Port	Key String char: 0 ~ 6;	Timeout Reply     3	Retry     3	Server Priority	Dead Timeout	Delete
SYSTEM PORTS POE									Add
VLANS LINK AGGREGATION								Арр	ly Cancel

- Index RADIUS Server entry identifier.
- Server IP IP address of the RADIUS server.
- Authorized Port Port for clients communicating with the server.
- Key String Enter the authentication key used between the switch and the server.
- **Timeout Reply –** How many seconds to wait for a reply from the server before trying again. *Default: 3 seconds.*
- **Retry –** Number of times to attempt connection to the server. *Default: 3*
- Server Priority Enter the RADIUS server the priority for the switch. The server with the highest priority will be queried first. Lower values give higher priority. Default: 1
- **Dead Timeout -** Amount of time before the switch stops attempting to connect. *Default: 0*
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.



# **30 - Security - DOS**

Figure 66. Global DOS Settings Menu

Use Denial of Service (DOS) settings to protect from DoS attacks. The switch will block traffic that meets the configured conditions.

## **Global Settings**

SYSTEM	Global Settings	
PORTS	DMAC = SMAC	Enabled •
SYSTEM	Land	Enabled *
PORTS	UDP Blat	Enabled
VLANS	TCP Blat	Enabled •
LINK AGGREGATION	POD	Enabled
MAINTENANCE	IPv6 Min Fragment	Enabled V
PING TEST	Bytes	1240 (0-65535)
FILE MANAGEMENT	ICMP Fragments	Enabled *
RESTART DEVICE	IPv4 Ping Max Size	Enabled
(2) ADVANCED	IPv6 Ping Max Size	Enabled •
PORT STATISTICS	Ping Max Size Setting	512 Bytes (0-65535)
MULTICAST	Smurf Attack	Enabled •
D STP	Netmask Length	0 (0-32)
<ul> <li>SECURITY</li> </ul>	TCP Min Hdr Size	Enabled v
PORT MIRRORING	TCP Min Hdr Bytes	20 (0-31)
RADIU S SERVER	TCP-SYN(SPORT<1024)	Enabled <b>v</b>
DOS     PORT SECURITY	Null Scan Attack	Enabled
MAC ADDRESS FILTER	X-Mas Scan Attack	Enabled •
RMON D QOS	TCP SYN-FIN Attack	Enabled *
▶ ACL	TCP SYN-RST Attack	Enabled
SNMP		

- **DMAC = SMAC -** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- Land Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- **UDP Blat –** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- **TCP Blat -** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- **POD -** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- IPv6 Min Fragment Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. Default: Enabled
- **Bytes –** Specify the minimum IPv6 fragment size to filter. Range: 0-65535 Bytes *Default: 1240 Bytes*
- ICMP Fragments Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. Default: Enabled
- IPv4 Ping Max Size Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. Default: Enabled
- IPv6 Ping Max Size Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*

Continues on next page



## **Global DOS Security Settings, Continued**

- **Ping Max Size Setting –** Specify the maximum IPv6 fragment size to filter. Range: 0-65535 Bytes *Default: 512 Bytes*
- **Smurf Attack –** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- Netmask Length Specify the netmask length to filter. Range: 0-32
- **TCP Min Hdr Size –** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- **TCP Min Hdr Bytes –** Specify the minimum number of TCP Min Hdr Bytes to filter. Range: 0-31 Bytes *Default: 20 Bytes*
- **TCP-SYN(SPORT<1024)** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- Null Scan Attack Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. Default: Enabled
- X-Mas Scan Attack Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. Default: Enabled
- **TCP SYN-FIN Attack –** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- **TCP SYN-RST Attack** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*
- **TCP Fragment (Offset = 1) -** Enable or Disable filtering of this type of attack. *Default: Enabled*

#### Port Settings

Configure port-based DOS security settings.

Figure 67. DOS Port Settings Table

	Port Settings					
Q Search	Port	DoS Protection				
	1	No T				

- Port Switch port identifier.
- DoS Protection Select Yes to enable DoS protection for the port, or No disable protection for the port. If enabled, the switch will block any types of traffic that filtering is enabled for in the DOS Global Settings menu.


## **31 - Security - Port Security**

Limit the number of connected devices on a given port by limiting the total number of MAC addresses that may be identified on that port.

Figure 68.	Port Security Table
------------	---------------------

<b>araknis</b>	DODT		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-03-02 09:21:26	System Uptime: 1d 23:02:50
STATUS SYSTEM	Port	SECORITY	Max MAC Address	_	_
PORTS	1	Disabled •	256		
SYSTEM	2	Disabled •	256		
PORTS	3	Disabled •	256		
VLANS	4	Disabled •	256		
LINK AGGREGATION	c	Dischlad	(are		

- Port Switch port identifier.
- State Enable or disable security for the port.
- Max MAC Address Enter the total number of MAC addresses that may be identified on the port.

## 32 - Security - MAC Address Filter

Bind MAC addresses to VLANs regardless of which port they are connected on.

Figure 69	MAC Address	Filter Table
rigule 03.	MAC AUDIESS	

<b>araknis</b>			CLOUD SE	RVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-03-02 09:21:59	System Uptime:	1d 23:03:22
STATUS SYSTEM	MAC Filter						
PORTS	Index	VID	Ν	AC Address		Delete	
BETTINGS SYSTEM		1	<b>v</b>	xx:xx:xx:xx:xx			
PORTS						Ad	d
POE							
VLANS						Apply Cance	
LINK ACODECATION							

- Index MAC Filter rule identifier.
- VID Select the VLAN ID for the MAC address to be bound to.
- MAC Address Enter the MAC address to be filtered.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.



### 33 - RMON Overview

Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) allows the switch to monitor network traffic and send alarms if specified limits are reached or passed. Configure what events to monitor and how to react. Events may be logged and/or sent to other network clients using SNMP.

#### **RMON - Event List**

Define event types to execute when RMON alarms are triggered.

#### Figure 70. Event List

<b>araknis</b>			📥 CLOUD SE	RVER: Connected	System Time	: 2016-03-	-02 09:22:30	🕒 System (	Jptime: 1d 23:03:
STATUS SYSTEM		Event Type	Community	Description	Last	Time	Owner	-	Delete
	1~65535		private *	char : 0 ~ 127			char : 0 ~ 32		Ê
PORTS									Add

- Index Enter a value to identify the event entry. Range: 1-65535
- Event Type Select the desired action from the drop down:
  - Log Add an entry to the event log when the alarm goes off.
  - SNMP Trap Send a message to the remote log server when the alarm goes off.
  - Log and Trap Log and send a message (above) when the alarm goes off.
- **Community** If using **SNMP Trap** or **Log and Trap** event type, select whether the SNMP community is Public or Private.
- **Description -** Enter a description for the event type.
- Last Time Sent Last occurrence of an event of the specified type being sent.
- **Owner -** Enter a name for the owner of the event.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.

#### **RMON - Event Log Table**

View RMON event logs.

#### Figure 71. Event Log Table

araknis		CLOUD SER	VER: Connected System Tim	e: 2016-03-02 09:22:59	) System Uptime: 1d 23:04:23
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	Select Event Index	none V		Refresh	

- Select Event Index Select an Event identifier from the drop down. There must be configured entries in the RMON Event List to use the drop down.
- **Refresh -** Click to refresh the list and see the newest events.



#### RMON - Alarm List

Configure alarms for RMON events.

Figure 72. Alarm List

<b>araknis</b>	ALAR	MLIST		📥 CI	LOUD SERVER: Co	nnected	System Tin	ne: 2016-03-02 0	9:23:24 🔘 S	iystem Upt	ime: 1d 23:04:
STATUS SYSTEM	Index	Sample Port	Sample Variable	Sample	Sample Type	Rising	Falling Threshold	Rising Event	Falling Event	Owner	Delete
SETTINGS     SYSTEM     PORTS     POE	1			1~2147483	Absolut V	0~214	0~214	T	<b>v</b>	cha	Âdd

- Index Enter an identifier for the Alarm List entry.
- Sample Port Select the port to monitor from the drop down.
- Sample Variable Select the event type to monitor for. Options: DropEvents, Octets, Pkts, BroadcastPkts, MulticastPkts, CRCAlignErrors, UnderSizePkts, OverSizePkts, Fragments, Jabbers, Collisions, PktsOctets, Pkts65-127Octets, Pkts128to255Octets, Pkts256to511Octets, Pkts512to1023Octets, Pkts1024to1518Octets.
- Sample Interval Enter the alarm interval time.
- Sample Type Select the sampling method:
  - **Absolute** Compares values of thresholds vs. captured at the end of each sample interval. Use this option if the monitored value can increase or decrease at any time.
  - **Delta –** Detects change over time by subtracting the most recent sampled value from the current Use the option if the monitored value always increases over time.
- **Rising Threshold –** Upper threshold of the monitored value. Use this in conjunction with Falling Threshold to be alerted when the monitored value leaves the desired operating range.
- **Falling Threshold –** Lower threshold of the monitored value. Use this in conjunction with Rising Threshold to be alerted when the monitored value leaves the desired operating range.
- **Rising Event** Select an event to execute from the drop down when the monitored value exceeds the Rising Threshold.
- Falling Event Select an event to execute from the drop down when the monitored value exceeds the Falling Threshold.
- **Owner -** Enter a name to identify when the switch sends an alarm.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.



#### **RMON - History List**

Configure the events to record to the RMON history log on each port.

Figure 73. History List

araknis			CLOUD SERVER: Connected	System Time: 2016-0	03-02 09:23:50	System Uptime: 1d 23:05:1
STATUS SYSTEM	HISTORY LIST	Sample Port	Bucket Requested	Interval	Owner	Delete
PORTS	1 ~ 65535		1~50	1 ~ 3600	char : 0 ~ 32	<u> </u>
SYSTEM		10 10	di e	ż.		Add

- Index History Log identifier
- Sample Port Select the port to monitor.
- Bucket Requested Enter the number of samples to save in each entry.
- Interval Enter the interval for recording samples on the port.
- **Owner -** Enter the name of the requester.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.

#### **RMON - History Log Table**

View selected history logs.

Figure 74. History Log Table

	HISTORY LOG TABLE	CLOUD SERVER: Connecte	d <b>O System Time:</b> 2016-03-02 09:24:16	() System Uptime: 1d 23:05:40
STATUS SYSTEM	Select History Index	none v	Refresh	
PORTS				

- Select History Index Select a History Log type to monitor from the drop down. In order to view logs, you must first configure an entry in the RMON History List.
- Refresh Click to refresh the log and see the newest results.



### 34 - QoS - Overview

Quality of Service (QoS) is used to organize and prioritize packet flow and bandwidth use on the LAN based on traffic type, source, or destination in order to help guarantee network performance for critical services.

#### **QoS - Global Settings**

Figure 75. Global Settings

<b>araknis</b>		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	() System Time: 2016-03-02 09:25:23	System Uptime: 1d 23:06:46
STATUS SYSTEM	State	Enabled     Oisabled		
	Scheduling Method	Strict Priority *		
SYSTEM	Trust Mode	802.1p *		

- State Enabled or Disabled.
- Scheduling Method Select the desired mode for scheduling traffic from the drop down:
  - Strict Priority Traffic is scheduled specifically based on queue priority.
  - WRR Use the Weighted Round Robin algorithm to prioritize traffic queues.
- **Trust Mode -** Select the desired mode of operation from the drop down:
  - 802.1p Traffic is prioritized based on its 802.1p priority tag.
  - **DSCP** Traffic is prioritized based on its DSCP priority tag.
  - 802.1p + DSCP Traffic is prioritized based on both 802.1p and DSCP priority tags.

#### QoS - COS Mapping

Assign traffic of different CoS priority levels to the desired queue.





- CoS CoS Priority level identifier.
- **Queue –** Select a queue from the drop down for the given priority level. The default values are standard for most applications.



#### QoS - DSCP Mapping

Assign traffic of different Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) priority levels to the desired queue.



<b>araknis</b>	DSCP MAPPING	CLOUD SERVER: Connected	<b>O System Time:</b> 2016-03-02 09:26:39	() System Uptime: 1d 23:08:02
STATUS SYSTEM	DSCP	Queue		
PORTS	0			

- **DSCP -** DSCP Priority level identifier
- **Queue –** Select a queue from the drop down for the given priority level. The default values are standard for most applications.

#### **QoS - Port Settings**

Assign all traffic from specified ports to be tagged with a certain CoS value.

Figure 78.	QoS Port Settings Table
------------	-------------------------

<b>araknis</b>	PORT SETTINGS		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-03-02 09:27:10	System Uptime: 1d 23:08:33
STATUS SYSTEM	Port	CoS Value		Trust	
PORTS	1			Enabled	

- Port Switch Port identifier.
- Cos Value Select a CoS value from the drop down for all packets on the specified port.
- Trust Enable or disable.

#### **QoS - Bandwidth Control**

Limit the total amount of traffic allowed to come into or out of switch ports.

Figure 79. Ban	dwidth	Control	Table
----------------	--------	---------	-------

âraknis	BAND		CLOUD SERVER: Connect	ed O System Time:	2016-03-02 09:27:38	• System Uptime: 1d 23:0	)9:0 <b>1</b>
				-	5 D. (1)		
OTOTEM.	Port	Ingress	Ingress Rate (kbps)	Egress	Egress Rate (kbps)		
PORTS	1	Disabled •	Off	Disabled •	Off		
U SETTINGS	2	Disabled T	Off.	Dischlod T	Off	1	

- Port Switch Port identifier.
- **Ingress -** Enable or disable incoming bandwidth control for the port.
- Ingress Rate (kbps) Enter the maximum data rate in kbps (multiples of 16) for incoming traffic on the port.
- Egress Enable or disable outgoing bandwidth control for the port.
- Egress Rate (kbps) Enter the maximum data rate in kbps (multiples of 16) for outgoing traffic on the port.



#### QoS – Storm Control

Use Storm Control to limit the amount of broadcast, unknown multicast, and unknown unicast packets coming into ports on the switch. Excessive frames are discarded when the specified limit is passed.



araknis			📥 C	LOUD SERVER: Connected System Time	: 2016-03-02 09:28:03 (System Uptime: 1d
STATUS	STORM	CONTROL			
SYSTEM	Port	Status	Broadcast (kbps)	Unknown Multicast (kbps)	Unknown Unicast (kbps)
PORTS	1	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
SETTINGS SYSTEM	2	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
PORTS	3	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
POE	4	Disabled •	Cff (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
LINK AGGREGATION	5	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	6	Disabled •	Cff (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
	7	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
TRACE ROUTE	8	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Cff (10000)	Gff (10000)
FILE MANAGEMENT	SFP1	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)
RESTART DEVICE	SFP2	Disabled •	Off (10000)	Off (10000)	Off (10000)

- Port Switch Port identifier.
- Status Enable or Disable Storm Control for the specified port.
- **Broadcast (kbps)** Check the box to enable Broadcast storm control, then enter the maximum allowed traffic rate of that type in kbps.
- **Unknown Multicast (kbps)** Check the box to enable Unknown Multicast storm control, then enter the maximum allowed traffic rate of that type in kbps.
- **Unknown Unicast (kbps)** Check the box to enable Unknown Unicast storm control, then enter the maximum allowed traffic rate of that type in kbps.



### 35 - ACL - Overview

Access Control Lists (ACLs) are used for preventing access between or to devices on the network, primarily for many clients to one or vice versa. MAC-based ACLs can only control incoming traffic and IPv4/IPv6 -based ACLs can control both incoming and outgoing traffic.

Ξ	Note -	The AC	l feature	is	only	found	in	310	series	switches	
	NOLE -	THE AC	Lieature	13	Officy	lound		510	261162	Switches	٠

#### ACL - MAC ACL

Create MAC address-based rules for controlling incoming access to a device on any connected port.

Figure 81. MAC ACL List

NETWORKS	MAC AC			CLOUD	SERVER: Connected	<ul> <li>System</li> </ul>	Time: 2016-05-	02 17:13:54	· •	System Upt	ime: 3d
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	MAC ACL	List									
	Index	Name									Delete
SYSTEM	1	ACL1									匬
PORTS		char : 1 ~ 32									凬
POE											
											Add
Entradorecontrol											
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	MAC ACE	List									
ACCESS MANAGEMENT	MAC ACE	List								-	-
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST		E Sequence	Action	Destination	Destination	Source MAC	Source MAC Mask	VLAN	802.1p Value	Ethertyne	Delete
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE		e Sequence	Action	Destination MAC Value	Destination MAC Mask	Source MAC Value	Source MAC Mask	VLAN ID	802.1p Value	Ethertype	Delete
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT BEETADEW/CE	ACL Nam	List Sequence	Action	Destination MAC Value	Destination MAC Mask Any	Source MAC Value	Source MAC Mask	VLAN ID Any	802.1p Value	Ethertype Any	Delete
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT	ACL Nam	List Sequence	Action	Destination MAC Value Any	Destination MAC Mask Any	Source MAC Value	Source MAC Mask	VLAN ID Any	802.1p Value	Ethertype Any	Delete ÎÎÎ
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED	ACL Nam	e Sequence	Action	Destination MAC Value	Destination MAC Mask	Source MAC Value	Source MAC Mask Any	VLAN ID Any	802.1p Value	Ethertype Any	Delete ÎÎÎ Add
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED PORT STATISTICS	ACL Nam	e Sequence	Action	Destination MAC Value Any	Destination MAC Mask Any	Source MAC Value	Source MAC Mask Any	VLAN ID Any	802.1p Value Any	Ethertype Any Apply C	Delete ÎÎÎ Add ancel
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT ADVANCED PORT STATISTICS N NEIGHBORS	ACL Nam	e Sequence	Action	Destination MAC Value	Destination MAC Mask Any	Source MAC Value	Source MAC Mask Any	VLAN ID Any	802.1p Value Any	Ethertype Any Apply C	Delete ÎÎÎ Add anc el

#### MAC ACL List

Manage MAC ACLs.

- Index List identifier.
- Name Enter a name to describe the members or reason for the ACL list.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.

#### MAC ACE List

Define Access Control Entries (ACEs) associated with each ACL list.

- Click any entry field to open the MAC ACE List Editor (see next page).
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings. You must create an ACL List entry before adding a new ACE List entry.

#### MAC ACE List Editor

Figure 82. MAC ACL ACE List Edite
-----------------------------------

LINK AGGREGATION	MAC ACE Editor			
ACCESS MANAGEMENT				
MAIN TENANCE	ACL Name	ACL1		
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	Sequence		(Range: 1 - 2147483647, 1 is first processed)	
FILE MANAGEMENT	Action	Permit		
RESTART DEVICE	Destination MAC Address	Any		
ADVANCED	Source MAC Address	Any	T	
PORT STATISTICS	VLAN ID		(Range: 1 - 4094)	
NEIGHBORS	002 4 1/1		(Range: 0 - 7)	
MULTICAST	802.1p Value			
D STP	Ethertype Value (Hex)		(Range: 0600~FFFF)	
D VLANS		<u> </u>		OK Cancel
SECURITY				Gancer

- ACL Name Select the ACL to associate the ACE with.
- Sequence Enter a value for the sequence in relation to other ACLs. The smallest value is processed first.
- Action Select whether to Permit or Deny traffic that meets the set criteria.
- Destination MAC Address Destination MAC address to monitor for. Options: Any or User Defined.
- **Destination MAC Mask** Destination MAC mask to monitor for. Use this field to filter multiple addresses within a range. Only visible when monitoring a User Defined address.
- Source MAC Value Source MAC address to monitor for. Options: Any or User Defined.
- **Source MAC Mask –** Source MAC mask to monitor for. Use this field to filter multiple addresses within a range. Only visible when monitoring a User Defined address.
- VLAN ID Enter the VLAN ID to monitor for.
- 802.1p Value Enter the 802.1p value to monitor for.
- Ethertype Leave blank. Entering a value will restrict traffic using certain protocols.
- **OK -** Click to accept the new settings and return to the MAC ACL ACE List.
- Cancel Click to reject the new settings and return to the MAC ACL ACE List.



#### ACL - IPV4 ACL

Create rules for controlling incoming and outgoing traffic to any device on a connected port based on its IPv4 address.



araknis					-	CLOUD SE	RVER: Conne	ected 🕓 S	ystem Tim	e: 2016-03-16	10:55:1	16 🤆	) System	n Uptime	e: 15d 23
STATU S SYSTEM PORTS	IPV4 AC	List													
SETTINGS SYSTEM	Index	Name	32												elete ÎÎÎ
POE														4	Add
POE VLANS LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT	IPv4 ACE	E List													Add
PORTS POE VLANS LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST	IPv4 ACE ACL Name	E List Sequence A	Action	Protocol	Source IP Address	Source IP Mask	Destination IP Address	Destination IP Mask	Source Port Range	Destination Port Range	Flag Set	DSCP	ICMP	ICMP Code	Delete
POE VLANS LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE ELLE MANAGEMENT	IPv4 ACE ACL Name	E List Sequence A	Action	Protocol	Source IP Address	Source IP Mask	Destination IP Address	Destination IP Mask	Source Port Range	Destination Port Range	Flag Set	DSCP	ICMP	ICMP Code	<b>Delete</b>
PORTS POE VLANS LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT ACCESS MANAGEMENT TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE	IPv4 ACE ACL Name	E List Sequence A	Action	Protocol	Source IP Address	Source IP Mask	Destination IP Address	Destination IP Mask	Source Port Range	Destination Port Range	Flag Set	DSCP	ICMP	ICMP Code	Delete Add

#### IPv4 ACL List

- Index List identifier.
- Name Enter a name to describe the members or reason for the ACL list.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

#### IPv4 ACE List

Define Access Control Entries (ACEs) associated with each ACL list.

- Click any entry field to open the IPv4 ACE List Editor (see next page).
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings. You must create an ACL List entry before adding a new ACE List entry.

#### IPv4 ACE List Editor

VLANS	IPv4 ACE Editor	
LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT	ACL Name	T
🧭 MAIN TENANCE	Sequence	(Range: 1 - 2147483647, 1 is first processed)
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	Action	Permit
FILE MANAGEMENT	Protocol	Select from list v IPv4:ICMP v
RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT	Source IP Address	User Defined •
	Source IP Address Value	
PORT STATISTICS	Source IP Mask	•
▶ MULTICAST	Destination IP Address	User Defined 🔹
Þ STP Þ VLANS	Destination IP Address Value	
» SECURITY	Destination IP Mask	
P RMON P QOS	Type of Service	DSCP to match • (Range: 0 - 63)
⊿ ACL	ICMP Type:	Select from list
MAC ACL • IPV4 ACL	ICMP Code	User Defined (Range: 0 - 255)
IPV6 ACL ACL BINDING		ОКС

- ACL Name Select the ACL to associate the ACE with.
- Sequence Enter a value for the sequence in relation to other ACLs. The smallest value is processed first.
- Action Select whether to Permit or Deny traffic that meets the set criteria.
- **Protocol -** Select whether traffic using a certain protocol is controlled. Options:
  - Any No Protocol monitoring.
  - Select from list Select the protocol to control from the drop down. Options: IPv4:ICMP, IPinIP, TCP, EGP, UDP, HMP, RDP, IPv6:Rout, IPv6Frag, RSVP, IPv6:ICMP, OSPF, PIM, or L2TP.
  - **Protocol ID -** Enter the identifier for the protocol.
- Source/Destination IP Address Select whether to monitor Any or a User Defined address.
- Source/Destination IP Address Value Enter the address to monitor. Only visible when monitoring a User Defined address.
- **Source/Destination IP Mask –** Subnet mask to monitor. Use this field to filter multiple addresses within a range. Only visible when monitoring a User Defined address.
- Source/Destination Port/Port Range Enter a port or ports to monitor.
- **Type of Service -** Select Any or DSCP to match (then enter range).
- ICMP Type Select the IMCP type to monitor:
  - Any No ICMP monitoring.
  - Select from list Select the ICMP type to monitor. Options: EchoReply, Destination Unreachable, Source Quench, Echo Request, Router Advertisement, Router Solicitation, Time Exceeded, Timestamp, Timestamp Reply, or Traceroute.
  - Protocol ID Enter the identifier for the protocol
- ICMP Code
  - Any No ICMP code monitoring.
  - User Defined Enter the code value to be monitored.
- **OK -** Click to accept the new settings and return to the IPv4 ACL ACE List.
- Cancel Click to reject the new settings and return to the IPv4 ACL ACE List.



#### ACL - IPV6 ACL

Create rules for controlling incoming and outgoing traffic to any device on a connected port based on its IPv6 address.



araknis		_		-	CLOUD S	ERVER: Conne	ected 🕓 S	system Tin	ne: 2016-03-16	10:55:	51 🤇	Syster	m Uptim	e: 15d 23:3
STATU S SYSTEM PORTS	IPV6 ACL	List												
SETTINGS SYSTEM PORTS POE VLANS LINK AGGREGATION AGGREGATION	Index IPv6 ACE	Name char: 1 ~ 32				_	_				_			Delete
ACCESS MANAGEMENT MAIN TENANCE PING TEST TRACE ROUTE FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE	ACL Name S	Sequence Action	Protocol	Source IP Address	Source IP Prefix Length	Destination IP Address	Destination IP Prefix Length	Source Port Range	Destination Port Range	Flag Set	DSCP	ICMP	ICMP Code	Delete Add
LOG OUT												Арр	oly Ca	ncel

#### IPv6 ACL List

- Index List identifier.
- Name Enter a name to describe the members or reason for the ACL list.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

#### IPv6 ACE List

Define Access Control Entries (ACEs) associated with each ACL list.

- Click any entry field to open the IPv4 ACE List Editor (see next page).
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings. You must create an ACL List entry before adding a new ACE List entry.

### IPv6 ACE List Editor

POE	IPv6 ACE Editor	
LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT	ACL Name acl3	×
MAIN TENANCE	Sequence	(Range: 1 - 2147483647, 1 is first processed)
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	Action Permit *	<u> </u>
FILE MANAGEMENT	Protocol Select from list •	TCP
RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT	Source IP Address User Defined *	)
	Source IP Address Value	(XXCXXC:XXCXXX)
PORT STATISTICS • NEIGHBORS	Source IP Prefix Length	(Range: 0 - 128)
MULTICAST	Destination IP Address User Defined •	J
⊳ STP	Destination IP Address Value	(XXCXXC:XXCXX)
<ul> <li>VLANS</li> <li>SECURITY</li> </ul>	Destination IP Prefix Length	(Range: 0 - 128)
▷ RMON	Source Port: Range *	(Range: 0 - 65535)
⊳ QOS ⊿ ACL	Destination Port: Range v	(Range: 0 - 65535)
MAC ACL IPV4 ACL	TCP Flags	Ack Don't Care   Psh Don't Care   Cure Don't Care   Fin Don't Care
IPV6 ACL	Kst Don't Care V	Syn Don't Care V Fin Don't Care V
ACL BINDING	Type of Service DSCP to match *	(Range. 0 - 65)

- ACL Name Select the ACL to associate the ACE with.
- Sequence Enter a value for the sequence in relation to other ACLs. The smallest value is processed first.
- Action Select whether to Permit or Deny traffic that meets the set criteria.
- **Protocol -** Select whether traffic using a certain protocol is controlled. Options:
  - Any No specific protocol monitoring.
  - Select from list Select the protocol to control from the drop down. Options: TCP, UDP, IPv6:ICMP.
  - **Protocol ID –** Enter the identifier for the protocol.
- Source/Destination IP Address Select whether to monitor Any or a User Defined address.
- Source/Destination IP Address Value Enter the address to monitor. Only visible when monitoring a User Defined address.
- Source/Destination IP Prefix Length Prefix to monitor. Use this field to filter multiple addresses within a range. Only visible when monitoring a User Defined address.
- Source/Destination Port/Port Range Enter a port or ports to monitor.
- **TCP Flags -** Select options for monitoring TCP Flags when monitoring TCP Protocol.
- Type of Service Select Any or DSCP to match (then enter range).
- **OK -** Click to accept the new settings and return to the IPv6 ACL ACE List.
- Cancel Click to reject the new settings and return to the IPv6 ACL ACE List.



### ACL - ACL Binding

Bind configured ACLs to switch ports to implement access control rules.



<b>araknis</b>		NDING	📥 C	LOUD SERVER: Connected	System Time:	2016-03-16 10:57:01	System Uptime: 15
STATU S SYSTEM	Port	MAC ACL		IPv4 ACL		IPv6 ACL	
PORTS	1	(none)	*	(none)	*	(none)	*
SYSTEM	2	(none)	•	(none)	•	(none)	¥
PORTS	3	(none)	•	(none)	•	(none)	•
VLANS	4	(none)	*	(none)	•	(none)	*
LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT	5	(none)	•	(none)	*	(none)	•
MAINTENANCE	6	(none)	•	(none)	•	(none)	Ŧ
PING TEST TRACE ROUTE	7	(none)	•	(none)	•	(none)	*
FILE MANAGEMENT	8	(none)	•	(none)	•	(none)	•
RESTART DEVICE	SFP1	(none)	*	(none)	*	(none)	•

• Port - Switch Port identifier.

• MAC/ IPv4/ IPv6 ACL – Select an ACL entry to enable on the port. You must configure a rule in the respective ACL menu before configuring this setting.



### 36 - SNMP - Overview

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a Layer 7 protocol for managing and monitoring network equipment from a central SNMP manager.

Managed devices that support SNMP run their own agent software; the SNMP agent maintains a defined set of variables that are used to manage the switch. These objects are defined in a Management Information Base (MIB).

The Araknis switch includes an SNMP agent that supports SNMP versions 1, 2c, and 3. This agent continuously monitors the status of the switch hardware and the traffic passing through its ports. SNMP client software can access the switch SNMP agent through SNMP community strings. These community strings are used for authentication.

SNMPv3 provides additional security features that cover message integrity, authentication, and encryption, as well as controlling user access to specific objects in the MIB.

#### **SNMP - Global Settings**

Configure global settings for SNMP.

#### Settings

Figure 88.	SNMP Global	Settings		
1	araknis	GLOBAL SETTINGS	CLOUD SERVER: Connected System Time: 2016-03-16 10:57:39	• System Uptime: 15d 23:39:39
S S	TATU S (STEM	Settings		
P	ORTS	SNMP State	Enabled     Disabled	
S S	ETTINGS (STEM	Engine ID	8000B55303D46A9132F06E	Default
P	ORTS		(10~64 hex letters, the length of the Engine ID should be even.)	

- SNMP State Enabled or disable SNMP for the switch.
- Engine ID Enter a unique SNMP Engine identifier. Check the box to use the default ID. The ID must be made from an even number of 10~64 hex letters. Enter this ID in other equipment when prompted to use the switch as the SNMP server.



#### **Trap Settings**

Configure trap servers for the switch to send SNMP trap messages to.



LINK AGGREGATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT	Trap Settings				×	12	5		
MAINTENANCE PING TEST	Server IP/Hostname	SNMP Version	Notify Type	Community Name	User Name	UDP	Timeout	Retry	Delete
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE									Add

- Server IP/Hostname Enter the address of the SNMP trap server.
- SNMP Version Select the SNMP version used by the server. Options: v1, v2c, or v3.
- Notify Type Select whether notifications are sent as Traps or as Informs.
- Community Name Select whether the name is Public or Private.
- User Name Select the username for logging into the server.
- UDP UDP port for logging into the server.
- Timeout Number of seconds to wait before declaring a timeout of connection from the server.
- Retry Number of retry attempts to make after a timeout.
- **Delete -** Click the trash can icon then click **Apply** to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

#### Remote Engine ID List

Configure the switch to recognize SNMPv3 inform notifications from other engines.

Figure 90. SNMP Remote Engine ID List Settings

LOG OUT	Remote Engine ID List		
PORT STATISTICS	Server IP	Remote Engine ID	Delete
<ul> <li>NEIGHBORS</li> <li>MULTICAST</li> </ul>	x.x.x.x/xxxxx:xxxxx	10~64 hex	<u> </u>
D STP			Add

- Server IP Enter an IP address for a remote SNMP server.
- Remote Engine ID Enter the ID found in the Engine.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.



#### SNMP – Lists

Configure SNMP groups, events, community strings, and users.

#### **Group Lists**

Figure 91. SNMP Group List

<b>araknis</b>	LISTS	📥 CLOUD	SERVER: Connected	🕒 System Time	2016-03-16 11:06:5	5 🕒 System Upt	me: 15d 23:48:55
STATUS SYSTEM PORTS	Group List						
	Group Name	Security Mode	Security Level	Read View	Write View	Notify View	Delete
SYSTEM PORTS	char : 1 ~ 30	v1 •	No Auth 🔻	all 🔻	None •	None •	Û
POE							Add

- Group Name Enter a name to describe the group.
- Security Mode Select the SNMP version for the group. Options: v1, v2c, or v3
- Security Level Select the security level for users in the group. Options:
  - NoAuth No authentication or privacy for group members.
  - Auth SNMP messages are authenticated.
  - **Priv -** SNMP messages are encrypted.
- **Read View -** All; cannot be changed.
- Write View Select None or All.
- Notify View Select None or All.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

#### View List

Figure 92. SNMP View List

	View List				
	View Name	Subtree OID	Subtree Mask	View Type	Delete
PING TEST	all	.1	all	Included	
TRACE ROUTE	(char : 1 ~ 30	max level : 20	char : 1 ~ 20	Included •	匬
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE					Add

- View Name Enter a name to identify the View.
- Subtree OID Enter the Subtree Object Identifier (OID) value (must begin with a "."). This value identifies an MIB tree that will be granted or denied access by the SNMP manager. Max level: 20
- Subtree Mask Enter O (zero) for does not concern, or 1 for is concerned.
- View Type Select Included or Excluded.
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.



#### **SNMP** Community List

#### Figure 93. SNMP Community List

PORT STATISTICS	Community Name	Community Me	ode	Group Name	View Nar	ne	Access Rights		Delete
MULTICAST	private	Basic	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	all	*	Read Write	*	Ŵ
STP	public	Basic	•	· · · ·	all	•	Read Only	•	Ŵ
SECURITY	char : 1 ~ 20	Basic	•	( v	all	*	Read Only	•	匬

- Community Name Enter a name to describe the community.
- Community Mode Select Basic or Advanced
- **Group Name –** Select the group that community belongs to. You must configure a group before configuring this setting.
- View Name Select All or a specific user. You must configure a user before configuring this setting.
- Access Rights Select Read Only or
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.

#### **User List**

Figure 94. SNMP User List

GLOBAL SETTINGS				Authenitication	Authenitication	Encryption		
LISTS	User Name	Group Name	Privilege Mode	Protocol	Password	Protocol	Encryption Key	Delete
ACP	char: 4 ~ 30		No Auth	None x	char: 8 ~ 32	None x	char : 8 ~ 64	劶

- User Name Enter a name for the user.
- **Group Name –** Select which group the user is a part of. You must configure an SNMP group before configuring this setting.
- Privilege Mode -
  - NoAuth No authentication or privacy for group members.
  - Auth SNMP messages are authenticated.
  - **Priv -** SNMP messages are encrypted.
- Authentication Protocol MD5 or SHA.
- Authentication Password Enter the password for user authentication.
- Encryption Protocol Select whether to use DES encryption with Priv privilege level messages.
- Encryption Key Enter a key for DES encryption. Minimum 8 characters long.
- **Delete -** Click the trash can icon then click **Apply** to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.



## 37 - Advanced LACP

Configure advanced parameters for LACP communication between switches connected by aggregated links.



STATUS         SYSTEM         PORTS         SYSTEM         PORTS         SYSTEM         PORTS         SYSTEM         PORTS         PORTS         DCE         VLANS         LINK AGGREGATION         ACCESS MANAGEMENT         2       Slow         2       Slow         3       Slow         1       Slow         2       Slow         3       Slow         1       Slow         2       Slow         2       Slow         3       Slow         5       Slow         6       Slow         5       Slow         6       Slow         7       Slow         8       Slow         9       NUTICAST         9       SFP1         9       Slow         9       Stoth         9       Stoth         9       Stoth         9       Stoth         9       Stoth         9       Stoth         9       St	<b>araknis</b>		ETTINGS	CLOUD SERVER	Connected	• System Time: 2016-03-16 11:08:44	System Uptime:	15d 23:
SETTINGS         system Priority         PORTS         PORTS         POE         VLANS         LINK AGGREGATION         ACCESS MANAGEMENT         2       Slow         2       Slow         3       Slow         3       Slow         4       Slow         4       Slow         FILE MANAGEMENT       5         Slow       5         Slow       6         Slow       6         Slow       7         Slow       8         Slow       8         Slow       Slow         PORT STATISTICS       8         > NULTCAST       SIOw         > STP       Stow         > VLANS       SFP1         Slow       Stow	STATU S SYSTEM PORTS	Settings	S Detector	00700				
POE       VLANS         UINK AGGREGATION       1         ACCESS MANAGEMENT       2         MAIN TENANCE       3         PING TEST       4         TRACE ROUTE       4         FILE MANAGEMENT       5         RESTART DEVICE       6         LOG OUT       6         Slow       7         Slow       7         Slow       8         Slow       5         Slow       5         Slow       7         Slow       5         VLANS       Slow         NULTICAST       Slow         STP       Slow         VLANS       SFP2         Slow       Slow	SETTINGS SYSTEM PORTS	LACP T	imeout	32/68	(1~65535	)		
VLANS     1     Slow       LINK AGGREGATION     2     Slow       ACCESS MANAGEMENT     2     Slow       PING TEST     3     Slow       TRACE ROUTE     4     Slow       FILE MANAGEMENT     5     Slow       RESTART DEVICE     6     Slow       LOG OUT     6     Slow       PORT STATISTICS     8     Slow       NULTICAST     SIOw     SFP1       SIOw     SFP2     Slow	POE	Port	Timeout					
ACCESS MANAGEMENT       2       Slow         MAINTENANCE PING TEST       3       Slow         TRACE ROUTE       4       Slow         FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE LOG OUT       5       Slow         SADVANCED       6       Slow         PORT STATISTICS       8       Slow         > NEIGHBORS       8       Slow         > NULTICAST       SFP1       Slow         > STP       Slow       SFP2	VLANS	1	Slow					*
MAIN TENANCE         PING TEST         TRACE ROUTE         FILE MANAGEMENT         RESTART DEVICE         LOG OUT         6         Slow         6         Slow         6         Slow         7         Slow         PORT STATISTICS         NEIGHBORS         NULTICAST         STP         VLANS         SFP1         Slow         SFP2         Slow	ACCESSMANAGEMENT	2	Slow					1
I NO FLOT     4     Slow       I TRACE ROUTE     5     Slow       FLE MANAGEMENT     5     Slow       RESTART DEVICE     6     Slow       LOG OUT     6     Slow       ADVANCED     7     Slow       PORT STATISTICS     8     Slow       > NEIGHBORS     8     Slow       > MULTICAST     SFP1     Slow       > STP     SFP1     Slow       > STP     SFP2     Slow		3	Slow					•
FILE MANAGEMENT         RESTART DEVICE         LOG OUT         6       Slow         ADVANCED         PORT STATISTICS         > NEIGHBORS         > NULTICAST         > STP         > VLANS         > SECURITY	TRACE ROUTE	4	Slow					•
LOG OUT     6     Slow       ADVANCED     7     Slow       PORT STATISTICS     8     Slow       > NEIGHBORS     8     Slow       > MULTICAST     SFP1     Slow       > STP     SFP1     Slow       > VLANS     SFP2     Slow	FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE	5	Slow					•
ADVANCED       7       Slow         PORT STATISTICS       8       Slow         > NEIGHBORS       8       Slow         > MULTICAST       SFP1       Slow         > STP       SFP1       Slow         > VLANS       SFP2       Slow	LOG OUT	6	Slow					•
NEIGHBORs         8         Slow           MULTICAST         SFP1         Slow           v VLANS         SFP2         Slow		7	Slow					•
MULTICAST         SFP1         Slow           STP         Slow         SECURITY           SECURITY         Slow	▶ NEIGHBORS	8	Slow					•
> SIP     SIP       > VLANS     SFP2       SECURITY	D MULTICAST	SFP1	Slow					-
> SECURITY	D VLANS	SFP2	Slow					Ţ
- DMON	▶ SECURITY	0.112						
p KNON	D RMON							
D QOS Apply Can	D QOS						Apply Canc	el

#### Settings

System Priority – Enter a priority value for the switch. The device with the lowest value has priority.
 Range: 1-65535

*Default: 32768* 

#### LACP Timeout

- **Port -** Switch Port identifier.
- **Timeout -** Set the timeout speed for disabled ports to be removed from a trunk. Use the Low setting for busy trunked links.



### 38 - Advanced Log

Configure advanced system logging. These settings affect the log on the system status page.

#### Settings

Turn advanced logging on or off.

Figure 96. Log Settings

<b>araknis</b>		CLOUD SERVER: Connected	• System Time: 2016-03-16 11:09:44	<b>System Uptime:</b> 15d 23:51:43
STATU S SYSTEM	Settings			
PORTS	Logging Service	Enabled     Disabled		

• Logging Service - Enabled or disable logging services.

#### Local Logging

Use this menu to configure whether log entries are submitted for the specified event severity. Values to the left indicate more severe events, and logs to the right indicate less severe events. Any NOTICE, INFO, or DEBUG events may be disregarded by the user.

Figure 97. Local Logging

VLANS         EMERG         ALERT         CRIT         ERROR         WARNING         NOTICE         INFO         DEBUG           LINK AGGREGATION         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         Yes         No         No         No         No         No         No	POE	Local Logging							
LINK AGGREGATION Yes T Yes T Yes T Yes T No T No T No T	VLANS	EMERG	ALERT	CRIT	ERROR	WARNING	NOTICE	INFO	DEBUG
	LINK AGGREGATION	Yes 🔻	Yes v	Yes •	Yes v	Yes 🔻	No 🔻	No	No 🔻

• EMERG/ALERT/CRIT/ERROR/WARNING/NOTICE/INFO/DEBUG - Select Yes to enable local logging for the event severity level or No to disable logging for the event severity level.

#### **Remote Logging**

Figure 98. Remote Logging

TRACE ROUTE	IP/Hostname	Server Port	EMERG	ALERT	CRIT	ERROR	WARNING	NOTICE	INFO	DEBUG	Facility	Delete
FILE MANAGEMENT RESTART DEVICE	char : 1 ~ 63	514	N •	N •	N •	N •	No 🔻	<u></u>	• 1	• 1	loc 🔻	Û
LOG OUT												Add

- IP/Hostname Enter the IP address of the remote log server.
- Server Port Enter the port configured for server communication.
- EMERG/ALERT/CRIT/ERROR/WARNING/NOTICE/INFO/DEBUG Select Yes to enable remote logging for the event severity level or No to disable logging for the event severity level.
- Facility Select the facility value for the remote logging event. Options: localO-local7. Default: local O
- Delete Click the trash can icon then click Apply to delete an entry.
- Add Click to create a new entry. Remember to click Apply to save the new settings.



# **Table of Figures**

Figure 1.	Package Contents	
Figure 2.	Mounting Methods	11
Figure 3.	Connection Diagram	13
Figure 4.	EIA/TIA 568B Termination Pattern	13
Figure 5.	PoE Calculation Example	14
Figure 6.	OvrC Operation Diagram	15
Figure 7.	Interface Layout	21
Figure 8.	Apply Button	21
Figure 9.	System Information and Port Status	22
Figure 10.	Events Log	23
Figure 11.	Port Status	24
Figure 12.	System Information Settings	25
Figure 13.	IP Address Settings Menu	26
Figure 14.	Date and Time Settings, UPnP	27
Figure 15.	Recommended System Settings	28
Figure 16.	Jumbo Frame and Basic Port Settings	29
Figure 17.	Advanced Port Settings	
Figure 18.	PoE Settings Menu	31
Figure 19.	PoE Settings Menu	32
Figure 20.	VLAN Settings	33
Figure 21.	Access and Trunk Port Selection	33
Figure 22.	Configuring Ports in a VLAN	
Figure 23.	Link Aggregation Settings Menu	35
Figure 24.	Access Management Menu Page	37
Figure 25.	Ping Test Page	38
Figure 26.	Successful Ping Test Result	39
Figure 27.	Failed Ping Test Result	39
Figure 28.	Trace Route Test Page	40
Figure 29.	Trace Route Result	41
Figure 30.	File Management Menu	
Figure 31.	Dual Image Menu	43
Figure 32.	Restart Page	44
Figure 33.	Log Out Page	44
Figure 34.	Detailed Port Statistics	46
Figure 35.	Neighbors MAC Address Table	48
Figure 36.	LLDP Information	49
Figure 37.	LLDP Settings	50
Figure 38.	LLDP Remote Device Menu	
Figure 39.	IGMP Snooping Settings	
Figure 40.	IGMP Snooping VLAN Settings	51



Figure 41.	IGMP Snooping Querier Settings	
Figure 42.	IGMP Snooping Group List Settings	53
Figure 43.	IGMP Snooping Router Settings	
Figure 44.	IGMP Snooping URC Settings	53
Figure 45.	MLD Snooping Menu	
Figure 46.	MLD Snooping VLAN Settings	
Figure 47.	MLD Snooping Group List	
Figure 48.	MLD Snooping Router Settings	55
Figure 49.	Global STP Settings Menu	
Figure 50.	Global STP Root Bridge Information	
Figure 51.	Global STP Basic Settings	
Figure 52.	STP CIST Port Settings Menu	59
Figure 53.	STP MST Instance Settings Menu	61
Figure 54.	STP MST Port Settings Menu	62
Figure 55.	802.1Q VLAN Settings Menu	
Figure 56.	802.1Q PVID Settings Menu	
Figure 57.	Private VLANs Menu	64
Figure 58.	Voice VLANs Settings	
Figure 59.	Voice VLANS OUI Settings	66
Figure 60.	Voice VLANS Port Settings	66
Figure 61.	Port Mirroring Page	
Figure 62.	802.1x Global Settings Menu	67
Figure 63.	802.1x Port Settings Menu	
Figure 64.	802.1x Authenticated Host Table	
Figure 65.	Radius Server Menu	
Figure 66.	Global DOS Settings Menu	
Figure 67.	DOS Port Settings Table	
Figure 68.	Port Security Table	
Figure 69.	MAC Address Filter Table	
Figure 70.	Event List	
Figure 71.	Event Log Table	
Figure 72.	Alarm List	
Figure 73.	History List	
Figure 74.	History Log Table	
Figure 75.	Global Settings	
Figure 76.	COS Mapping Table	
Figure 77.	DSCP Mapping Table	78
Figure 78.	QoS Port Settings Table	
Figure 79.	Bandwidth Control Table	
Figure 80.	Storm Control Table	79
Figure 81.	MAC ACL List	



Figure 82.	MAC ACL ACE List Editor	81
Figure 83.	IPv4 ACL Menu Page	
Figure 84.	IPv4 ACL ACE Editor	
Figure 85.	IPv6 ACL Menu Page	
Figure 86.	IPv4 ACL ACE Editor	
Figure 87.	ACL Binding Menu Page	
Figure 88.	SNMP Global Settings	
Figure 89.	SNMP Trap Settings	88
Figure 90.	SNMP Remote Engine ID List Settings	88
Figure 91.	SNMP Group List	
Figure 92.	SNMP View List	
Figure 93.	SNMP Community List	
Figure 94.	SNMP User List	.90
Figure 95.	Advanced LACP Settings	
Figure 96.	Log Settings	
Figure 97.	Local Logging	
Figure 98.	Remote Logging	



# **39 - AN-210-SW-POE Hardware Specifications**

	AN-210-SW-C-8	AN-210-SW-8	AN-210-SW-16	AN-210-SW-24	AN-210-SW-48
Ethernet Ports					
10/100/1000BaseT RJ-45 PoE Ports	8	8	16	24	48
1000BaseT SFP Ports	2	2	2	2	4
Hardware Performance					
Flash Memory	16MB	16MB	16MB	16MB	32MB
SDRAM	128MB	128MB	128MB	128MB	256MB
Packet Buffer	512KB	524KB	524KB	524KB	1.5MB
MAC Address Table Size	8K	8K	8K	8K	16K
Switching Capacity	20Gbps	20Gbps	36Gbps	52Gbps	104Gbps
Forwarding Rate	13.8Mpps	14.8Mpps	26.8Mpps	38.7Mpps	77.4Mpps
PoE Features (802.3af/at Compliant)					
Max Power Output per Port	30W	30W	30W	30W	30W
Total PoE Power Budget	65W	65W	130W	190W	375W
Enable/Disable per port	Yes				
Priority Setting per port	Yes				
Overloading Protection per port	Yes				
Power level setting per port	Yes				
Environmental					
Dimensions (W x H x D inches)	12.7 x 1.49 x 4.1	12.99x1.73x9.05	17.32x1.73x10.23	17.32x1.73x10.23	17.32x1.73x16.14
Power Supply	100-240V AC, 50/60 Hz				
Device Power Consumption	6.48W	11.20W	18.12W	27.13W	48.90W
Max Power Consumption	71.48W	82.81W	173.90W	235.65W	481.40W
Operating Temperature 0-50°C			0-50°C/32-122°	F	
Humidity (non-condensing)	10 - 90%				

**Note -** The PoE budget is stated in terms of DC power and max power consumption is stated in terms of AC power. Due to differences in power-efficiency when converting from AC to DC, the max power consumption is not equivalent to poe budget + device power consumption.



# 40 - AN-310-SW (Non-PoE) Hardware Specifications

	AN-310-SW-8	AN-310-SW-16	AN-310-SW-24	AN-310-SW-48	
Ethernet Ports					
10/100/1000BaseT RJ-45 PoE Ports	8	16	24	48	
1000BaseT SFP Ports	2	2	2	4	
Hardware Performance					
Flash Memory	16MB	16MB	16MB	32MB	
SDRAM	128MB	128MB	128MB	256MB	
Packet Buffer	524KB	524KB	524KB	1.5MB	
MAC Address Table Size	8K	8K	8K	16K	
Switching Capacity	20Gbps	36Gbps	52Gbps	104Gbps	
Forwarding Rate	14.8Mpps	26.8Mpps	38.7Mpps	77.4Mpps	
Environmental					
Dimensions (W x H x D inches)	12.99x1.73x9.05	17.32x1.73x10.23	17.32x1.73x10.23	17.32x1.73x16.14	
Power Supply	100-240V AC, 50/60 Hz				
Max Power Consumption	10.00W	12.48W	18.29W	38.40W	
Operating Temperature	0-50°C/32-122°F				
Humidity (non-condensing)	10 - 90%				



## 41 - AN-310-SW-POE Hardware Specifications

	AN-310-SW-8-POE	AN-310-SW-16-POE	AN-310-SW-24-POE	
Ethernet Ports				
10/100/1000BaseT RJ-45 PoE Ports	8	16	24	
1000BaseT SFP Ports	2	2	2	
Hardware Performance				
Flash Memory	16MB	16MB	16MB	
SDRAM	128MB	128MB	128MB	
Packet Buffer	524KB	524KB	524KB	
MAC Address Table Size	8K	8K	8K	
Switching Capacity	20Gbps	36Gbps	52Gbps	
Forwarding Rate	14.8Mpps	26.8Mpps	38.7Mpps	
PoE Features (802.3af/at Compliant)				
Max Power Output per Port	30W	30W	30W	
Total PoE Power Budget	130W	250W	375W	
Enable/Disable per port	Yes			
Priority Setting per port	Yes			
Overloading Protection per port	Yes			
Power level setting per port Yes				
Environmental				
Dimensions (W x H x D inches)	12.99x1.73x9.05	17.32x1.73x10.23	17.32x1.73x16.14	
Power Supply	100-240V AC, 50/60 Hz			
Device Power Consumption	12.92W	22.30W	26.65W	
Max Power Consumption	157.06W 297.74W 441.05W		441.05W	
Operating Temperature	0-50°C/32-122°F			
Humidity (non-condensing)	10 - 90%			

Note - The PoE budget is stated in terms of DC power and max power consumption is stated in terms of AC power. Due to differences in power-efficiency when converting from AC to DC, the max power consumption is not equivalent to poe budget + device power consumption.



# 42 - General Specifications (All 210/310 Models)

Supported?			orted?
		AN-210-SW	AN-310-SW
Layer 2 Features			
HOL Blocking	Head-of-line blocking	Yes	Yes
Flow Control	802.3x, Back Pressure	Yes	Yes
Forwarding Mode	Store-and-forward	Yes	Yes
Energy Efficient Ethernet	IEEE 802.3az	Yes	Yes
Spanning Tree	802.1D (STP)	Yes	Yes
	802.1w (RSTP)	Yes	Yes
	802.1s (MSTP)	Yes	Yes
VLAN	802.1Q	Yes	Yes
	Port-based VLANs (Max groups: 4094)	Yes	Yes
	Private VLANs	No	Yes
	QinQ	No	No
	Protocol-based VLAN	No	No
	Voice VLAN	Yes	Yes
Link Aggregation	Static, 802.3ad LACP	Yes	Yes
	Max ports per group	8	8
	Max Group	8	8
Multicast Snooping	IGMP Snooping v1/v2/v3; MLD Snooping v1/v2	Yes	Yes
	IGMP Querier	Yes	Yes
	IGMP Immediate Leave	Yes	Yes
Storm Control	Broadcast/Unknown Multicast/Unknown Unicast	Yes	Yes
Jumbo Frame Support		9k	9k
QoS Features		÷	
Priority queues per port		8	8
Rate Limiting	Ingress	1Kbps/1pps	1Kbps/1pps
	Egress	1Kbps/1pps	1Kbps/1pps
DiffServ (RFC2474)		Yes	Yes
Scheduling	WRR	Yes	Yes
	Strict	Yes	Yes
	Hybrid	No	No
CoS	802.1p	Yes	Yes
	IP ToS Precedence	Yes	Yes
	IP DSCP	Yes	Yes



# **General Specifications, Continued**

Fastura		Supported?		
		AN-210-SW	AN-310-SW	
Security		1		
MAC-based Port Security	Yes	Yes		
802.1x		Yes	Yes	
ACL	L2	No	Yes	
	L3	No	Yes	
	L4	No	Yes	
IP Source Guard		No	No	
RADIUS		Yes	Yes	
TACACS+		No	No	
HTTPS and SSL		Yes	Yes	
SSH v2.0		Yes	Yes	
MAC Filter		Yes	Yes	
IP Filter		No	No	
Management				
Management	CLI, Web, Telnet	Yes	Yes	
Dual FW Images		Yes	Yes	
FW Upgrade	TFTP upgrade	Yes	Yes	
	HTTP upgrade	Yes	Yes	
Management Access Filtering	SNMP/Web/Telnet	Yes	Yes	
SNMP	v1, v2c, v3	Yes	Yes	
SNTP		Yes	Yes	
RMON (1,2,3 and 9 groups)		Yes	Yes	
DHCP	Server	No	No	
	Client	Yes	Yes	
	Relay	No	No	
	Option82	No	No	
	Snooping	No	No	
Event log	Local flash, remote server	Yes	Yes	
sFlow		No	No	
Port Mirroring	One to One, Many to One	Yes	Yes	
Remote Ping		Yes	Yes	
LLDP (IEEE802.1ab)		Yes	Yes	
UPnP		Yes	Yes	



## 43 - Appendix - Safety and Regulatory Information

#### FCC Warning

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operations of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

#### **CE Warning**

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### **UL Statement**

All models have been evaluated by UL. This device is intended for indoor use only. It should not be connected to an Ethernet network with outside plant routing.

The user must use the class I optical transceivers which conform to U.S. code of federal regulation, 21 CFR 1040.

This equipment is only to be connected to PoE networks without routing to outside plants.



## 44 - Warranty

#### 2 Year Limited Warranty

Araknis Networks<sup>®</sup> products have a 2-Year Limited Warranty. This warranty includes parts and labor repairs on all components found to be defective in material or workmanship under normal conditions of use. This warranty shall not apply to products that have been abused, modified, or disassembled. Products to be repaired under this warranty must be returned to a designated service center with prior notification and an assigned return authorization (RA) number. Contact technical support for an RA number.

#### **Contact Information**

Web: www.araknisnetworks.com

Phone: Technical Support - (866) 838.5052

Email: techsupport@araknisnetworks.com

